Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,188. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

This Day is Published,
In Octavo—Price One Shilling,
And sold by J. Dickson, W. Creech, J. Simpson, E. Balfour, T. Brown, A. Guthrie, J. Fairbairn, A. Lawrie, W. Mudie, J. Ogle, Manners and Miller, A. Mackay, R. Jack, G. Gray, and G. Houston and Co. Edinburgh; and J. Murdoch and M. Ogle, Glasgow,

REPLY BY MR SMITH
TO THE
ANSWER OF THE TOWN COUNCIL
TO HIS ADDRESS.

Containing an Account of the City's RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE for a period of Ten Years, and other interesting Information on the Subject of its Affairs.

Edinburgh: Printed for MUNDELL & SON, and for LONGMAN & REES, London.

A NEW WEEKLY PUBLICATION.

On Saturday 16th Nov. 1799, will be Published, price 6d.
No. I. OF THE
EDINBURGH CLERICAL REVIEW;
OR
IMPARTIAL REPORT of the different Sermons weekly delivered in that city, with a few critical Remarks, and candid Observations.

Drawn up by
A SOCIETY OF GENTLEMEN.

The nature and design of this publication will be seen in a prospectus, to be had at the shops of the Booksellers.

Orders may be addressed to C. STEWART & Co. Forrester's Wynd, the Publishers—and country booksellers are requested to take in subscriptions.

This Day is Published,
BY BELL AND BRADFUTE,
J. Dickson, W. Creech, Manners & Miller, and W. Mudie,
In one large Octavo Volume, price 10s. 6d. in boards,
THE NEW ANNUAL REGISTER,
OR
General Repository of History, Politics, & Literature,
For the Year M,DCC,XCIX;

To which is prefixed, the History of Knowledge, Learning and Taste in Great Britain, during the reign of King Charles the Second—Part II.

Of whom may be had,
Complete Sets in 19 Volumes, or any Volume separate.

Also, just Published,

1. Historical and Philosophical Memoirs of PIUS VI. and of his Pontificate down to the period of his retirement into Tuscany; containing curious & interesting particulars, derived from the most authentic sources of information, concerning his private life; his disputes with the different Powers of Europe; the causes which led to the subversion of the Papal throne, and the Roman Revolution—translated from the French; in two volumes, 8vo. price 12s. in boards.

2. The BATAVIANS, or Virtue and Valour crowned by Perseverance; from the French of C. Bitaube, 2 vols. 12mo, price 7s. sewed.

BRITISH TONTINE, BRISTOL.

THE COMMITTEE of Subscribers to this TONTINE, residing in the district of Liverpool, and its vicinity, tired out with repeated applications, made in vain, for an account and division of the Funds; and wearied with a delay, which promises (unless from exertion) never to have an end, has resolved, now, to act in the most decided manner.

The Shares are in number about 28,000, and each share, supposing all the Nominees to have lived, has contributed 9l. 2s. 0d. besides contingent expences; which, at simple interest, only makes the Fund of the Tontine amount to upwards of 282,000l. From this Fund only eight Guineas a share has yet been paid, which, on the whole number, amount to little more than 235,000l. leaving, on this mode of calculation, (which is merely returning to each surviving life its own, without allowing for accumulated interest, and for survivorship), a deficiency of 47,000l.

To this there should be added the difference between simple interest and compound interest, the amount of fines paid, and the accumulation arising from forfeited and lapsed shares, which must necessarily amount to many thousand pounds, and from which no deductions ought to be admitted, except the difference between the prices of stock at the time of purchasing in, and of selling out.

This is only a faint account of the money which this Tontine has so long withheld from the Subscribers; but, as particulars are refused, it is all which this Committee can now submit to the Subscribers.

In Liverpool and in many other districts, funds have been raised in order to compel redress; but, as it is a common cause, every individual interested in it, ought to join.

The Subscribers, therefore, in every district of the three kingdoms, are invited to pursue active measures, to raise funds within their own districts, and to correspond with this, or with some other Committee.

Thus will the united voice of nearly 20,000 persons be heard at once, demanding, and enforcing, in a court of equity, that redress which has so long been refused to their intreaties Thus will complete justice be at last obtained.

J. H. PEMBERTON, Chairman.

Correspondence may be addressed to STANISTREET and EDEN, Solicitors, Liverpool.

Liverpool, 28th October, 1799.

By Order of the Lord Dean of Guild of Edinburgh.

NOTICE

To MERCHANTS, TRADESMEN, and Others, Freemen of this City, and to all Persons carrying on traffic within the same; not Burgesses thereof.

THE Recording in the Books of the Dean of Guild of Indentures of such persons as serve for the freedom of this City having been much neglected of late, without which no apprentice can receive any benefit from his service—This is to give notice to all concerned, That such indentures as have not yet been recorded will be received and booked, if presented at this Office between and the 1st day of December next, certifying all who are at present under indentures, and who neglect to get them recorded between and the said 1st day of December, and also all who enter into indentures after that period, who neglect to get their indentures recorded within the regulated time of forty days from the date thereof, that they will receive no benefit from their service as apprentices at entering Burgesses and Guild Brethren.

And this is farther to give notice to all persons carrying on any kind of trade within this City, not being Burgesses thereof, That unless they enter their claims for admission at this Office between and the said 1st day of December, the most rigorous measures will be followed to enforce compliance. Annual Licenses have been already granted to a number of small shopkeepers who were unable to enter; but, having been neglected to be called for, intimation is hereby made, That, unless this is done betwixt and the said 1st day of December, they will be held in the same situation as those who have never applied for licenses, and proceeded against accordingly.

Dean of Guild's Office, Edinburgh Oct. 24. 1799.

SHOPS AND HOUSES
IN THE COWGATE OF EDINBURGH,
FOR SALE.

THESE several SHOPS and DWELLING-HOUSES at the foot of Bell's Wynd, on the north side of the Cowgate, partly fronting the street, opposite to the foot of the College Wynd, as possessed by Mr Dewar, merchant, and others; with several SMALL HOUSES backwards, having an entry from the Cowgate, and from Bell's Wynd by Fairley's Entry.

The whole rents about 55l. 5s. 6d. Sterling; and should a purchaser incline to rebuild the front, which is extensive, they will have the advantage of most of a large mutual gable to the east, the half of which cost about 100l. Sterling.

William Macfarlane, W. S. has power to conclude a private bargain; and he, or James Steel, the factor, will inform as to particulars.

ROYAL BANK,
EDINBURGH, NOVEMBER 2. 1799.

THE COURT of DIRECTORS of the ROYAL BANK of SCOTLAND give notice, That a GENERAL COURT of PROPRIETORS of the Royal Bank of Scotland will be held at their Office in Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 26th current, at two o'clock afternoon, pursuant to the Charter.

JA. INNES, Secretary.

WANTED AT MARTINMAS FIRST,

A GOOD FEMALE COOK, who has served as Chief Cook in respectable families, and can be well recommended for honesty, sobriety, diligence, cleanliness, and good temper. None else need apply.—Wages will be given agreeable to the qualifications of the person.

Apply to the Publisher of this paper.

WANTED AT MARTINMAS NEXT,

A Capable YOUNG MAN, to act as GROOM, and drive a CHAISE, where other servants are kept, and assist.

He must be well recommended for sobriety, attendance, capacity, and behaviour.

Apply to Mess. Home and Cleghorn.

A PORTER WANTED.

A Steady active PORTER for a WAREHOUSE, who can be well recommended for honesty, sobriety, and diligence, and who can write a tolerable hand.

Apply to Mess. Montgomery and Steele, confectioners, Prince's Street.

A COAL GRIEVE WANTED.

APPLY to WILLIAM M'LEAN, Manager of Dysart Coal-works, Fife.

Barrack-Office, Edinburgh, 1st Nov. 1799.

CANDLES

WANTED for the under-mentioned BARRACKS in North Britain, for supplying his Majesty's Troops stationed there from the 25th December 1799 to the 24th December 1800. Proposals will be received by Colonel Bailie, Assistant Barrack-master General, betwixt and the 20th instant.

Edinburgh Castle,	Fort George,	Dumbarton Castle,
Piershill,	Fort Augustus,	Glasgow,
Leith Fort,	Fort William,	Hamilton,
Perth,	Fort Charlotte,	Ayr,—and
Dundee,	Stirling Castle,	Blackness Castle.
Aberdeen,		

WANTED TO BORROW,

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS immediately, or within two months, for which unexceptionable heritable security will be given, and the interest regularly paid in Edinburgh, if desired.

Apply to Wm. Callender, writer, Gosford's Court.

DUTCH FLAX FOR SALE.

A. HENDERSON and SONS have for SALE, a few Hundred Mats DUTCH FLAX, of a much superior quality to any that has been imported for some time past.

Leith, October 30. 1799.

SEED, WOOD, AND IRON FOR SALE,
FOR PAYING AVERAGE.

TO be SOLD by Public Auction, at the Warehouse of RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and COMPANY, Leith, on Monday the 4th of November, at twelve o'clock noon,

352 Barrels of Linseed,
240 Pipe Staves,
400 Bars of Iron,
30 Wainscot Logs, and
104 Pieces Crown Hollands Wood,

Being what was saved of the Cargo of the Russian brig Rover, Captain Ipson, from Riga to Leith.

HUSBAND ELDER AND CO.
RESPECTFULLY INTIMATE,

THAT the Shop and Cellars presently occupied by them, which were lately advertised for sale, have now become their property, where the Business will be carried on as formerly.——A Cargo of SELTZER and HARROWGATE WATERS are just landed; also a quantity of WAX LIGHTS, from Mess. Barclays of London.

Edinburgh, October 26. 1799.

GREGOR DRUMMOND,
FLESHER, EDINBURGH,

BEGS leave to inform the Public in general, and his Customers in particular, That he is to have some of the *best* HIGHLAND STOT BEEF upon Tuesday the 5th November that has been sold for a long time in this place.—The sale to continue for three weeks after Tuesday.

N. B.—Those who wish to be supplied with *good beef* for salting should apply as above.

TO BE SOLD.

A FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION in Berwickshire. Apply to William Molle, W. S.

NOTICE.

THE Sale of the TAN WORK at Arbroath, formerly advertised for the 11th November current, will not take place, it being sold by private bargain.

NOTICE.

THE SALE of a HOUSE in Lawrieston Street, Edinburgh, formerly advertised for Thursday the 7th instant, is now POSTPONED till Thursday the 14th instant, at twelve o'clock, in John's Coffeehouse.

Apply to Mr Martin, No. 5. George Street.

NOTICE.

ALL those having claims on the late HENRY JAFFREY, Merchant in Stirling, are desired to meet by themselves or their doers, in the Coffeehouse here, on the 13th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, to receive the Report of the Committee appointed at last Meeting, and to consider of the Claims given in to the Committee on the part of the family.

STIRLING, 31st Oct. 1799.

TO THE CREDITORS OF
The deceased PATRICK KANDOW, late Tenant in Lochside of Kinnordy.

THE whole creditors of the said Patrick Kandow are hereby requested to meet in the house of Jean Loudon, vintner in Kirrymuir, on Friday next, the 8th day of November current, at twelve o'clock noon, and to bring along with them their several claims and grounds of debt, in order that the state of the defunct's affairs may be known, and a trustee appointed for managing the same.—Not to be repeated.

TO BE LET, FURNISHED,

WHITEHOUSE, south side of Burntisfield Links, Edinburgh, consisting of dining-room, drawing-room, parlour, and six bed-rooms, with closets, servants hall, kitchen, &c.

There is a complete set of offices, coach-house, and stable for six horses.

Apply to Mr Lamb, upholsterer, South Bridge.

HOUSE, GARDEN, AND FREE STONE QUARRY,
AT RESTALRIG.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THAT HOUSE and GARDEN, and Piece of Ground adjoining, lying on the west side of the Village of Restalrig, sometime possessed by John Petrie, and afterwards by William Macleod.

The Garden is of an excellent soil and has always been productive. It is well stocked with fruit trees and bushes; and there are besides a number of ash trees of considerable value, which may be removed with benefit to the possession.

In the adjoining piece of ground there is a valuable Free-Stone Quarry, which from having immediate access to the high road, and from its vicinity both to Edinburgh and Leith, may be wrought to very great advantage.

A person will attend from ten till three o'clock each day, who will shew the premisses; and for further particulars apply to Francis Napier, W. S. Windmill Street.

—CARD—

MRS BONNET, formerly Miss MARCUCCI, begs leave to inform her Friends and the Public at large, That she has now opened her Dancing School in James's Court. The approbation of her method, and the success it had with her Scholars, when she had the honour of teaching a number of Young Ladies here before, encourages her to solicit the patronage and protection of her Friends at present; and she begs leave to assure all those who shall do her the honour to employ her, that no pains shall be wanting on her side to bring forward her Scholars, and to give their parents every desireable satisfaction.

JURIDICAL SOCIETY.

THE FIRST MEETING of the ensuing Session will be held in the Signet Hall, on Monday, 11th November next, at eight o'clock evening.

The Case-books for the Session may be had, on applying to Mess. Watson and Co. South Bridge, or Mess. Chapman and Co. Printers to the Society, Forrester's Wynd.

October 31. 1799.

NEW FURRIERY AND HABERDASHERY.

PHIN and PATISON have now received a very extensive and elegant selection of Printed Muslins, Callicoes, Dimittics, &c. a complete assortment of Fur Muffs, from 5s. to L. 15, with the new Suwarrow Handkerchief, and every other article in Haberdashery, on the most moderate terms.

CHEAP MUFFS.

C. PHIN, No. 40, North Bridge, has received this day, as part of his Winter Stock, a complete Assortment of MUFFS, TIPPETS, OPERA HANDKERCHIEFS, TRIMMINGS, &c. Also a great choice of Cambric Muslins, Modes, Laces, and Thread Edgings, which will be found equal to any in town.

WINTER STOCKINGS.
WILLIAM COULTER,
Facing the KING'S ARMS TAVERN, North Side of the High Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public, That in addition to his Large Stock of
SILK, COTTON, and THREAD STOCKINGS,
LADIES SILK & COTTON GLOVES,
he has received by the last Vessels, a large assortment of SHETLAND STOCKINGS, from 1s. 6d. to 21s. a pair;—also a full supply of Knit and Wove LAMB WOOL, and every kind of WOOLLEN STOCKINGS.

FLEECY HOSIERY.

For the GOUT, RHEUMATISM, and every Disorder requiring Warmth, in

Stockings,—Foot Socks, Gloves, Night and Knee Caps—Bosom Friends.	Under-vests, *with* or *without* Sleeves, Drawers, Bootikens in the Web, &c.

Silk and Worsted Stocking-Breeches, Pantaloons, Drawers, and Lamb Wool Under Vests.

☞ Any article of HOSIERY made to orders, upon the shortest notice. WANTED, A few Steady Stocking-makers.

FOR READY MONEY ONLY.
TO FAMILIES, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.
FOREIGN SPIRITS.

CAPITAL Old Jamaica Rum, ten years old, full proof, - - - - 12s. per gal.
Ditto ditto glass proof, 10s. —
Capital Hollands Gin, full proof, - 12s. —
Capital Old Coniac Brandy, full proof, - 14s. —
Ditto, ditto, glass proof, 12s. —
Whisky Shtub, only 6s. Sherry Brandy, only 6s.

The Foreign Spirits are warranted of the best qualities, and are from 2s. to 3s. each gallon cheaper than they are sold by any dealer in Scotland, of the same quality and age.

Proof—Sheppard sells five hundred gallons Foreign Spirits at threepence per gallon profit, is 6l. 5s. Sterling—in the time other dealers sell only twenty gallons at 2s. 6d. per gallon profit is 2l. 10s.—The ballance in favour of Sheppard, at threepence per gallon, is 3l. 15s.; and a saving to the Public of 2s. 6d. per gallon.

Address orders, with money or bank bills to the nett amount, or change returned in goods, or orders for payment on delivery,

To ROBERT SHEPPARD, South Bridge Street, or to his Shop, Cowgate.

N. B. Owing to the present high price of Whisky, the Rum will be found upon trial, much cheaper

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NEW TEAS.—*FOR READY MONEY ONLY.*
TO FAMILIES, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.
TEAS.

CAPITAL Hyson Green Tea, 7s. per lib. every leaf genuine; Hyson Tea equal to most that is now sold at 8s. and 9s per pound.

Superior Hyson Green Tea, 8s. equal to most that is now sold at 10s. per lib.

Capital 5s. Souchong Tea, every leaf genuine;—Souchong equal to most that is now sold at 6s. and 7s. per lib.

Capital best imported high-flavoured Gunpowder Green Hyson Tea, only 10s. and 11s. per lib.—equal to what is now sold at 12s. and 14s. per lib

All other sorts of Teas cheap in proportion;

And ONE OUNCE *to every Pound of Tea over weight.*

Coffee, Chocolate, Cocoa, Fresh Spices, and Groceries of the best qualities.

SUGARS.

Raw, only 7d. to 8d.; fine, 9d. to 10d.; Superfine India Sugar only 11d.; best Lump, only 1s. per lib. and cheaper if possible—all to Tea Customers;

At SHEPPARD'S Tea Shop, South Bridge Street.

A Saving.—Sheppard pays ready money for all his Teas, which enables him to sell on such favourable terms.

Proof.—Sheppard sells one thousand pound weight of Teas at one penny per pound profit, is 4l. 3s. 4d. in the time other dealers only sell fifty pounds weight at one Shilling per pound profit, is 2l. 10s. The balance in favour of Sheppard, at one penny per pound profit, is 1l. 13s. 4d. and a saving of eleven pence per pound to the Public.

Orders with money, or Bank bills to the nett amount, or change returned in goods, or orders for payment on delivery, will be strictly attended to.

N. B.—A few Chests of good ordinary CONGOU, in the original packages, *only* 4s. 4d.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

To be SOLD by Auction, by ANDREW LAURIE, at ROSEBURN House, about half a mile west from the Whitehouse Toll, upon Tuesday first, the 5th November,

ALL the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Dining-room, Drawing-room, Bed-chamber, and Kitchen Furniture.—As the house has been furnished within these twelve months, every article is as good as new. Catalogues will be had by applying at Andrew Laurie's upholstery warehouse, Adams's Square.

The Sale to begin precisely at 11 o'clock forenoon.

SALE OF AN ARABIAN STALLION, YOUNG HORSES, FAT CATTLE, AND SHEEP.

There will be exposed to SALE by public roup, at Balgowan, near Perth, on Thursday the 7th November 1799,

A Beautiful Grey ARABIAN STALLION, perfectly sound and free from blemish; together with a number of YOUNG HORSES bred by him, from one to four years old.—At same time will be sold, some FAT CATTLE and SHEEP.

Balgowan, Oct. 29. 1799.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUP,

Within John's Coffeehouse, upon Monday the 4th November next, betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

ALL and whole, that TENEMENT of LAND, High and Laigh, with the pertinents lying in the Close called Cessford's Close, with two little Areas or Pieces of Waste Ground thereto belonging, and that Tenement of Land, built by Charles Bruce, upon one or part of the said areas; which Subjects consist of Four Dwelling Houses, some time possessed by Wm. Grant, Mrs White, Donald Mackie, and Alex. M'Grigor, and a work-house and shop, some time possessed by Wm. Millar, hatter, with a small timber shade or tool-fall, also sometime possessed by John M'Laughlan.

For further particulars, apply to John Young, mason, Grassmarket, Edinburgh;—or Francis Lauder, writer in Edinburgh

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HABERDASHERY, MILLINERY, AND FURRIERY.

WILLIAM FORD, at the INDIAN PHEASANT, No. 20, West Side South Bridge Street, does himself the honour to inform his Friends and the Public, That he this day returned from London, where he has used his utmost exertion in selecting an extensive variety of every description of Haberdashery, Drapery, Millinery, and Furriery Goods, the greater part of which are just got to hand, and form such a beautiful and elegant assortment, as he flatters himself will secure a continuance of that share of the public patronage which he has already so liberally experienced.

W. F. would particularly recommend to the Ladies a very extensive variety of beautiful Muffs and Furs, Silk and Norwich Shawls, Silk Beavers, Fancy and Straw Bonnets, Flowers and Feathers of the most fashionable description; likewise a very extensive choice of Modes, Laces, Cambrics, and India Muslins, London and Manchester Printed Callicoes and Muslins, which will be sold at the very lowest prices.

W. F. has likewise got to hand a quantity of Coloured Worsteds, in a great variety of shades, with Canvas, and Needles for working Hearth Cloaths, Chair Pieces, &c. with a complete selection of all other articles in the Drapery and Millinary Branches. *South Bridge, No 20, Nov. 1, 1799.*

CORPORATION OF THE ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE,
(Established by Royal Charter in the reign of King George I.)

ALL POLICIES *for* INSURANCES *against* FIRE *(where the sum to be assured amounts to* L. 300 *or upwards) are given* GRATIS *at this Office.*

THOMSONS & CO. Agents.

INSURANCE OFFICE,
No. 8, *S. Bridge Street, Edinburgh.*

☞ For the information of persons not hitherto in the practice of Insuring, the *whole* charge for an INSURANCE of 300l. (where there is no extra risk) is stated as under:

Premium on 300l. at 2s per cent.	L. 0 6 0
King's Duty, - -	0 6 0
Policy and Office Mark, gratis.	
Annual Payment	L. 0 12 0

BRITISH FIRE OFFICE, LONDON.

THIS OFFICE is established for the Insurance of Houses, Buildings, Manufactories, Goods and Merchandize, Ships, Vessels, Barges, and other Craft, with their cargoes, in Port or used on Navigable Canals, Farming Stock, and all other property, against Loss or Damage by Fire in any part of Great Britain.

The flattering encouragement this Society has received in the short period of its establishment, fully evinces the respectability of its proprietary, and the estimation in which it is held by the public;—the amplitude of its Capital is a perfect security for every engagement.

Great attention has been paid in ascertaining the rates and conditions of Insurance; and the proprietors flatter themselves that they will be found on examination to be perfectly equitable.

This Office, following the practices of all other Offices since Fire Insurance was established, makes good Loss by Fire from Lightning.

The following Agents are appointed to receive Insurances, of whom printed proposals and conditions, with a list of the Directors, Trustees, &c. may be had gratis.

MURRAY & BAXTER, EDINBURGH
Duncan Campbell, Port Glasgow and Greenock.
Alston & Co. Glasgow.
John Campbell, Inverary.
David Hutchison, Paisley.
James Dickson, Hawick.
Duncan M'Callum, Campbeltown.
Robert Quale, Cockletown.
—— Ireland of Barbie, Kirkcudbright,
Crosbie and Jardin, Dumfries.
Alexander Brebner, Aberdeen.

To prevent expence to individuals, Policies will be granted, free of charge, to persons removing Insurances from other offices.

ROBERT SKELTON, Sec.

☞ The business of the Westminster Life Insurance and Annuity Office, is carried on as usual in the same House.—Conditions and terms of which may be had of any of the above persons.

WEST LOTHIAN INCOME TAX.

WE, the Commissioners of Appeal for the county of Linlithgow, hereby intimate to all who may think themselves aggrieved by the assessments made on them by the Ordinary Commissioners, under an act of his present Majesty, intitled, "An act to repeal the duties imposed by an act made in the last Session of Parliament, for granting an aid and contribution for the prosecution of the war, and to make more effectual provision for that purpose, by granting certain duties upon income in lieu of said duties." That, in terms of the said act, they must lodge their reasons of appeal, together with the notification of their assessment, delivered to them by the Collector, with Mr James Taylor, writer in Linlithgow, our clerk, and that within 14 days from the date of said notification. And we hereby further intimate, that we are to meet at Linlithgow, in the Sheriff Clerk's Office, on Monday the 18th November, at 12 o'clock noon, to determine such appeals as shall then be laid before us.

HENRY ERSKINE.
CHA. HOPE.

ALE LICENSES.

STAMP-OFFICE, EDINBURGH, OCT. 29. 1799.

WHEREAS the time now approaches for taking out STAMPED LICENSES for retailing ALE, BEER, or other Excisable LIQUORS within the Royal Burghs, Shires, and Stewartries: These are therefore intimating to all such persons who are retailers as aforesaid, That if they do not take out their Licenses within the respective days appointed by the acts of Parliament, they will be prosecuted as the law directs, for the several penalties enacted in the statutes in that case made and provided.

The Clerks of the Peace, and Clerks of Royal Burghs, are also required to transmit to the Collector of Stamp-duties at Edinburgh, before the 10th of December next, certified lists of the persons licensed in terms of law; and such as neglect to do so will be prosecuted for the statutory penalty of 10l. Sterling.

The statute 32d of his present Majesty, cap. 13, enacts,—— "That from and after the 10th October 1793, it shall not be "lawful for any person or persons whatever, by virtue of any "license or licenses granted, or to be granted, by any of the "Commissioners or Officers of Excise, for the sale of Foreign "Wines or British made Wines, or Sweets, by retail, to sell the "same by retail, to be drunk in his, her, or their house or "houses, or place thereto adjoining or belonging, except such "person or persons only to whom a license shall have been "granted by Justices of the Peace, or other Officers to sell "Ale, Beer, and other Liquors, in the same house or houses "respectively." GEORGE BUCHAN, Solicitor.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON DIRECT,
The Union Shipping Company's armed Smack,
LEITH PACKET,
WM. SCOTT Master,
Will take in goods till Wednesday at nine o'clock morning, when she will sail.

Union Shipping Co. Office, Leith, Nov. 2. 1799.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Old Shipping Company's Smacks,
CERES PACKET,
THOMAS BRUCE Master,
AND
CALEDONIA PACKET,
JACOB JAMES Master,
Will take in goods, the Ceres till Saturday evening, and sail Sunday morning nine o'clock; and the Caledonia Packet till Wednesday morning ten o'clock, when she will sail.

Old Shipping Company's Office, Leith, Nov. 1. 1799.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 8th day of November 1799, within the house of David Methven, vintner in Cupar, at one o'clock afternoon, (if not previously disposed of by private bargain),

THE Lands of SOUTH CALLANGE, in Whole, or in Lots, as purchasers may incline.

These lands lie in the parish of Ceres, and consist of 124 Scots acres in the natural possession of the proprietor, excepting a pendicle of 14 acres under lease. They are divided into five inclosures, completely fenced with good Stone Dikes, and sufficiently watered. Four of these parks are just now in grass. The lands are capable of great improvement, lying in the immediate vicinity of Coal and Lime, and close to the turnpike-road leading from the county town of Cupar to the coast. The entry to the lands to be at Martinmas first.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor at Clatto, or Mr George Aitken, writer in Cupar.

LONDON GAZETTE—October 29.

DOWNING-STREET—October 29, 1799.

A Dispatch, of which the following is a copy, has been received from Lieutenant-Colonel HENRY CLINTON, by the Right Honourable Lord GRENVILLE, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

MY LORD, *Coire, October 9.*

WHEN I sent your Lordship my last dispatch on the 2d instant from Glaris, the report from General Rosenberg, whose division composed the rear-guard, had not reached head-quarters. I have now the honour to inform your Lordship, that the enemy, having received a considerable reinforcement from Zug, renewed on the 1st instant their attack near the village of Mutten, where, in consequence of the fatigue the troops had undergone the preceding day, they had been obliged to halt. A strong column of the enemy advanced by the road in the centre of the valley, while two others, skirting the foot of the mountains on each side, endeavoured to get into the rear of the Russians. The division of General Rosenberg consisted of eight weak battalions and two regiments of Cossacks. Discovering the intention of the enemy, he left five battalions as a reserve, and with three (the breadth of the valley not admitting of a greater front), supported by the Cossacks, he attacked the centre of the enemy; their heavy guns for a moment gave them an advantage; but nothing could withstand the steadiness of the Russian attack. In the hurry of their retreat, an ammunition waggon was overset, which choaked the only road by which the cannon could move. Three pieces were immediately taken possession of by the Russians. The flank columns, seeing their centre pierced, fled. General Rosenberg profited of the confusion of the enemy, and pursued them beyond Schwitz. In killed and wounded they lost above five hundred men and thirteen officers, and one thousand and twenty men were taken prisoners. The Russians had in this affair about three hundred men killed and wounded.

It was the 4th in the evening before the sick and wounded could be transported to Glaris; the road not admitting of the passage of artillery, the guns were destroyed. On the 5th the army marched by the valley of Schut to Elm; the difficulty of the roads made it impossible to remove the wounded. The enemy followed the rear guard, and gained some trifling advantages over it during the first three or four miles of the march; upon a well-timed attack, however, of the Russians, they desisted from any farther attempt. On the 6th the army passed the Danix Mountain, which the snow that had fallen during the last week had rendered dangerous, and several mules and baggage horses were lost on the march. The army is now assembled at this place; and after two days of repose it is the Marshal's intention to form a junction with the army of General Korsakow.

I have the honour to be, &c. H. CLINTON.

The Right Hon. Lord Grenville, &c.

Translation of the Vienna Extraordinary Gazette of September 27, 1799.

LIEUTENANT PIZRENBERG arrived yesterday with accounts from General Melas, that having received credible information that the enemy was collecting and receiving fresh reinforcements on the banks of the river Stura, he dispatched General Gottesheim with seven battalions of infantry and a regiment of dragoons opposite the entrance of this valley, to plant themselves in the most advantageous position between Fossano and Savigliano, so as to observe accurately all the motions of the enemy.

The enemy in effect attacked on the 14th inst. the advanced posts, particularly on the right wing; but as he, together with an accurate knowledge of the country, profited by the skill of an experienced commander of the out-posts, the enemy was not in a condition, with all the advantages of situation, to gain possession of the important posts of Fossano and Savigliano.

The enemy, however, having received fresh reinforcements, amounted to 15,000 men: this consideration, and at the same time the disadvantage of the ground intersected by hedges, where General Gottesheim might easily have been surrounded by the superiority of their numbers, induced him to advance nearer to the army, and to evacuate Savigliano in the evening, and Fossano after midnight.

Under these circumstances the army on the 16th had encamped at Bra, and although it was not to be expected, that, with the troops, the enemy would attempt to attack it in this position; yet their assembling in the valley of Stura, and the probability of their uniting themselves with the troops at Pignerole, as well as with those who had marched from Genoa towards Piedmont, excited the attention of General Melas, and induced him to attack (before the enemy could gain time to execute their intention) that part of their force which was separate from the rest and had advanced too forward.

For this purpose a proportionable part of the army marched in two columns, the first commanded by General Kray, to Savigliano, and the second under General Melas to Fossano.—The columns marched from their camp at eleven o'clock, and arriving at the place of destination at half past four, the attack of Savigliano took place at five. The regiments of Furstenburg and Stuart led the columns, and performed all that could be expected from brave and heroic troops. The Commanders of these two regiments, Colonels Auersburg and Weber, as well as all the rest of the officers, displayed proofs of personal courage and resolution. The enemy defended themselves with great skill, and it was not till after the Adjutant Major Brusch had, by order of General Melas, attacked with one battalion of Stuart, and a party of cavalry, that they fell into disorder and fled towards the Maira, leaving behind them two pieces of cannon. However, as the enemy still made resistance on the left wing, the grenadier battalions of Schiaffinati was ordered to advance upon them with drums beating and without firing a shot. This battalion fully executed its orders; the enemy were every where defeated, and the post of Savigliano was retaken. The night prevented the rapid pursuit of the enemy. In the meanwhile General Melas received information that the attack made on the side of General Kray had met with the most complete success, that in the same night the post of Fossano was abandoned, and early in the morning taken possession of by our troops.

On this the regiments of Alvinza and Huff contributed the most to ensure success; and Field Marshal Lieutenant Kray cannot enough praise the discernment and prudence of General Seckendorf, who commanded the vanguard, and was wounded in the foot; as well as the distinguished conduct of Colonels Schrokinger and Adorean.

The enemy's loss in killed and wounded was above 1000, in prisoners 900, and would have been much greater if night had not come to their assistance. Our loss amounted to 92 killed, and 528 wounded; missing 63; total 683.

Almost at the same time, viz. on the 15th, the enemy, with a strong body of troops, coming from Pignerole, attacked a small body of ours at Airasco, and drove in our fore-posts. As soon, however, as he began to advance against Schalenza, and was formed with his front near the Chausse, having sent forward a number of tirailleurs, Colonel Schauroth, Commander of the 7th regiment of hussars, and of a small corps of infantry, suffered him to approach within cannister-shot, and then opened so brisk a fire from six pieces of cannon, ordering at the same time an attack on the left flank and in the rear, by two divisions of hussars, that, after an engagement which lasted till the night, the enemy was completely repulsed, and Colonel Schauroth resumed his former advanced posts.

This expedition, in which the enemy lost in killed and wounded above 400 men, is said to have been led on by General Championnet in person.

—BANKRUPTS—

John Robson, of Berwick-upon-Tweed, seedsman.
John Howgreave, late of Leeds, Yorkshire, victualler.

London

OCTOBER 30

ARMY IN HOLLAND.

SCHAGEN BURG—OCT. 24.

Nothing of consequence has occurred here since my last.

Colonel Brownrigg and Mr Grenville have arrived with the determination of the Privy Council, which is, that we shall return to the Helder, and get embarked as speedily as may be. The enemy have agreed with us for a cessation of arms, upon condition that we leave the country without destroying the dykes, &c. Our retreat will be more fully explained by the following general orders, which have been issued by the Commander in Chief.

GENERAL ORDERS.

" Head-quarters, Schagen Burg—Oct. 19.

" Parole—*Liverpool.*—Countersign—*Ramsgate.*

" All superfluous baggage, private or regimental, to be immediately sent to the Helder, where it will be delivered into the Quarter-Master General's stores—Parties from the different regiments to accompany their baggage, who will return to their regiments as soon as this service is performed—Lieutenant Walker, Assistant Quarter-Master General, will receive the baggage, but it is understood that he is in no ways answerable for it.

" A suspension of hostilities having been agreed upon between the two armies, his Royal Highness the Commander in Chief thinks it right to acquaint all Generals and other Officers to whom the duty of the army is intrusted, that the same line of service is to be punctually observed, as heretofore, the situation of posts or piquets is in no instance to be changed, or their force weakened. The reserves of support will be continued as usual, and one half of the troops, according to the existing order, will be at their alarm posts an hour before day-break.

" No individual is to be permitted between the outposts and those of the enemy's, except such as the commanding officers, on either side, may direct, for purposes of duty. It is also directed, that all acts of hostilities whatever shall cease. The construction of field-works throughout the positions is to be suspended, and no further damage done whatever to the country, for purposes of defence. Generals and other officers will be held responsible for the punctual execution of these orders. Every instance which may occur of irregularity in the conduct of the troops towards the inhabitants will meet the most rigorous punishment.

GENERAL ORDERS.

" Schagen Burg, October 20.

" Parole—*Perth.* Countersign—*Dundee.*

" His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief has the satisfaction to announce to the troops, that it has been found advantageous to both armies to enter into an agreement and cessation of arms, the object of which, on our part, is the undisturbed evacuation of a country in which, from untoward circumstances of the weather, and the lateness of the season, it is found impracticable to carry on any longer offensive operations; and on that of the enemy, to prevent the execution of strong measures of severity and destruction, which it appeared in our power to execute, but which are repugnant to British feelings and practice, unless compelled to it by unavoidable duty, and the pressure of self-defence.

" This agreement for the cessation of hostilities being now completed, his Royal Highness is determined to see it executed, on our part, in the fullest and most liberal manner.

" The line of duty to be observed by the troops was pointed out in the orders of yesterday, and Generals or officers commanding brigades, are desired to report personally every day at head-quarters, at 11 o'clock, to the Commander in Chief, the regular performance of the duty ordered; also, as to the regular behaviour of the corps under their command," &c.

On the 20th, 100 men and horses from each regiment of dragoons, marched to the Helder, to be embarked for England. No regiment can take above 300 horses; the remainder must be shot; even the officers are not allowed to carry back the horses which they were obliged to purchase in England at a very high price.

Every English regiment must destroy upwards of 200 horses each, as there are not transports sufficient to bring them back. Some of the officers have killed three, four, and even five of their own property, for which it is to be hoped Government will grant some allowance on our arrival in England.

Both the armies have eat up their beef, mutton, and the horses have exhausted all the hay. If the people here cannot be supplied from other parts of Holland during the winter, it is not improbable that many of them may perish for want of the necessaries of life. No flour of any kind has been seen in this place these last 14 days. The British army are daily supplied with biscuit and rum from the shipping.

Some days ago his Royal Highness the Duke of York received a letter from Generals Vandame and Brune, requesting that he would let them have 12 horses belonging to the English officers, such as they would not choose to carry back, for which they would pay whatever price might be demanded, upon which his Royal Highness sent them 12 horses, worth 40 guineas each, with his best respects.

We are putting both foot and horse on board as fast as possible, and I hope to see you by the 10th of next month.

On the 22d inst. 40 transports arrived in the Texel; and this day the 9th regiment, two battalions of the Guards, and detachments from the 7th, 11th, and 15th dragoons have begun to embark on board them. The regiments that came from Ireland are to return immediately to their old quarters in that kingdom. A cartel has been established for the exchange of prisoners, agreeably to the terms of the convention; and just now several hundred Dutch and French have marched through this town towards their respective quarters.

The best understanding possible seems to prevail between the Chieftains of the British and French armies. Several of our Generals have had interviews, and dined with those of the enemy; and I am told that General Brune dined yesterday with the Duke of York, who, it is added, sent his own carriage for him. It is singular, however, that General Don is not yet released, but detained more strictly than ever. It is said, some papers obnoxious to the enemy were found in his possession. Yesterday Colonel Maitland, of the Guards, died of his wounds at the Helder; the Marquis of Huntly, who is still there is much better.

The Honourable THOMAS GRENVILLE is again to proceed to Berlin. Report says, the object of his mission is to solicit his Prussian Majesty to take upon him the office of Mediator with a view to pacification. Whether this be the real object we cannot take upon us to assert, but the rise in the price of stocks seems to countenance the idea.

Tuesday night a messenger was dispatched to Petersburgh, most probably on a business connected with Mr GRENVILLE'S mission.

Yesterday the Hon. Col. Capel, of the First Guards, arrived in town with dispatches from the army in Holland. The Active arrived in the Downs on Monday morning, and the Princess Royal packet at Yarmouth, both from the Helder. By these vessels mails and dispatches were brought, and several officers came over.—They left the Texel on Saturday, and prior to their sailing upwards of ten thousand troops had departed for England, some of whom are arrived. The first brigade of Guards, and two battalions of foot, landed on Monday at Yarmouth, and further arrivals at some port or other may be expected every day.

Marshal Suwarrow, it is said, is to be invested with the English Order of the Garter.

Two Hamburgh mails are now due.

According to letters received by the last mail from Lisbon, accounts are received there of an earthquake having happened at Curracoa, in the Brazils, which threw down twenty-seven houses, and killed twelve and dreadfully wounded nine people, all but one of the former and two of the latter being negroes.

By the last dispatches overland from India, we learn that a conspiracy of a very extensive nature, directed against the English in general, was most seasonably discovered, in which the Nabob of Decca was deeply involved, together with many other persons of the highest rank. The particulars have not transpired, but we understand that it was a most atrocious design, by which the Moors aimed at the overthrow of the English government, and the extinction even of the European inhabitants.

We are happy to learn that public credit at Hamburgh is very fast restoring. The public spirit which has actuated several mercantile houses to give their assistance to others during the late crisis, has been attended with the most beneficial effects.

In order to prevent the bad effects of the failures in foreign parts, the merchants of Copenhagen entered into in agreement, by which 600,000 rix-dollars were placed in a bank for the assistance of the merchants. Each person, by pledging property, and bills of credit bearing interest, is at liberty to procure the sum which he wants.

The emigrants taken at Constance, to the number of 150, have been shot.

NAPPER TANDY.

This morning at a quarter before one o'clock Napper Tandy, Colonel Harvy, M. Morris, George Peters, and Colonel Blackwell passed over Blackfriar's-Bridge in two coaches and four, and proceeded up Ludgate-hill and the Old-Bailey to Newgate. They were escorted to Rochester by a party of Sir Edward Knatchbull's yeomen cavalry, and from thence by a company of Lord Darnley's Cobham yeomanry.

The delivery of Napper Tandy into the hands of our Government by the Senate of Hamburgh, has drawn down the indignation of the Luxemburgh. The French agents are recalled; the vessels belonging to that city detained, and other consequences of the French anger are denounced against it.

The Senate of Hamburgh have written to the Prussian cabinet a letter on this affair, to the following purport:—

The Senate of Hamburgh wished to leave this affair entirely to the decision of his Prussian Majesty. His Majesty refused to take cognizance of, or to meddle in any manner with this negociation. The Russian Ambassador, M. de Murawelf, menaced, by order of his master, to treat the city of Hamburgh as an ally of the revolutionists of France, if Napper Tandy was not delivered up to England, which consequently the Senate of Hamburgh could not refuse to do.

The said Senate earnestly supplicates the King of Prussia to intercede for the city of Hamburgh with the French Republic, to turn its vengeance aside.—The Senate had already taken measures to disarm it, but it could not be sure of Success without the powerful intercession of his Prussian Majesty.

It appears from this paper to have been by no means either the wish of the senate of Hamburgh, or of the King of Prussia, to provoke the resentment of France, the severe effects of which they are now likely to feel. They were forced into the measure by the menaces of a foreign Minister; and had they refused to comply with the demand, the forfeiture of all the Hamburghese property in the ports of Russia, to the amount of 30 millions marcs banco, would, if we may credit the French accounts, have been the certain consequence.—Thus were they most distressingly placed between two evils; and it remains to be seen whether they have made choice of the least.

General Don is still in the hands of the enemy, and according to the latest advices was to be brought immediately before a Council of War at Alkmaar. The causes of his detention are now stated in the following manner, which we believe will be found correct. General Don was the officer entrusted with the first overture from the Duke of York, for the unmolested re-embarkation of our army in Holland. Intending to present his dispatches to General Brune, he is said to have drawn another paper from his pocket, but to have perceived his mistake before it was delivered out of his hands. The natural embarrassment on discovering his error did not pass unnoticed by the French Commander; and when General Don attempted to withdraw the paper, General Brune asserted his right to examine it.—It is stated to have contained an invitation to the Dutch army to come over to the English. General Don was in consequence put under arrest.

Private letters mention, that the French General has ordered to release General Don, on condition that Napper Tandy and his associates should by exchanged for him.

YARMOUTH—Oct. 28.

Arrived the Princess Royal, Captain Hammond, from the Helder, with mails, dispatches, and upwards of 40 English and foreign officers, among whom is a Russian General.

Arrived a fleet of transports from the Helder, with troops, among whom are the Guards, and 9th and 11th regiments of foot. I have likewise the pleasure to say, that a report in circulation, of a transport having been lost, is merely a fabrication.

FRANCE.

ARMY OF THE RHINE.

(FROM THE OFFICIAL JOURNAL.)

On the 19th Vendemiaire (11th October) some regiments of light cavalry attacked Mentz, and passed the Neker, in order to obtain possession of Gros Gerau.

On the 20th several divisions followed the same movements.

On the 21st and 22d, the divisions commanded by Generals Nansonty and Sabatier, passed the Rhine at Oppenheim and Frankenthal.

The advanced guard has vigorously repulsed the enemy; the light cavalry have taken several hundreds of the Hulans and an officer, and have continued in pursuit of the enemy towards Heidelburgh.

On the 24th, all the columns were in motion; that of the left commanded by General Louet, attacked Heidelburgh. The enemy defended it with obstinacy; numbers perished. The Prince of Lichtenstein, who commanded, was mortally wounded. The central column, commanded by the Generals Dubois Crance and Lafod, of the 1st and 6th regiments of Chasseurs, and composed of light troops, forced the passage of the Neker at Ladenburg, beat the enemy, killed and wounded great numbers, and, notwithstanding a vigorous resistance, carried off an howitzer, made the Count de Esterhazy, the Colonel of the regiment of Wetschay, two officers, and several hundreds of soldiers prisoners.

After having secured the ford, we continued the pursuit, even when night had advanced.

The column of the right, directed by General Sabatier, got possession of the head of the bridge which the enemy had established upon the Neker. On the 25th, at five o'clock, that column took possession of Manheim, and in the end established themselves upon the bridge, which the enemy had abandoned on the left bank.

The Austrians are retreating towards Bruchsal, Scintzheim and Stottgard.

NOTE OF THE GENERAL OF DIVISION COMMANDING PROVISIONALLY THE ARMY OF THE RHINE.

The army of the Rhine, on the 17th of October, took possession of Manheim. The enemy has been beaten on the Neker, as far as Heidelberg. An howitzer, a number of prisoners, among others Prince Esterhazy, Colonel of the regiment of Vechay, and several hussars, have fallen into our power. The enemy have had considerable numbers killed and wounded, and are in full retreat.

ARMY OF THE DANUBE.

MASSENA, GENERAL IN CHIEF, TO THE ARMY.

Soldiers! The Coalesced Powers had united three armies against you; their plan was to gain possession of Helvetia, and thereby to penetrate into France.

You have destroyed their plan. You have secured the Linath, and in two days you have annihilated the army of Korsakoff. You have taken all his cannon, all his baggage, and have obtained Zurich by force of arms. The enemy has lost 6000 prisoners, and three Generals wounded.

You have secured the Linth, you have completely beat the Austrian army, you have made 5000 prisoners, and taken 20 pieces of cannon. Its General in Chief has been killed on the field of battle.

The army commanded by Suwarrow had advanced to Altorf. You marched against it; you vanquished it in the valley of Mutten; you have taken one standard, two pieces of cannon, and the enemy, forced to make a precipitate retreat, has abandoned 600 wounded, among whom are a General and several officers.

Though repulsed from Glarus, you have still been conquerors. You have made 1500 prisoners, taken a standard, and killed a General. Finding their safety only in flight, the enemy fled towards the Grisons, leaving you 1500 wounded; they lost besides a great part of their artillery, and all their baggage.

Upon the Rhine the wreck of the vanquished regiments, reinforced by Bavarian troops and by those of Conde, attempted a fresh attack. You were there ready to receive them. On the side of Schaffhouse you have made 1500 prisoners, taken six standards, several cannon, and killed a General.

On the banks of the Rhine, from where the Aar flows to the summit of Gothard, the enemy have strewed the field of battle with the slain.

Finally, you have driven the enemy from Helvetia, and by losing a portion of land which the enemy have purchased so dearly, they lost more than 30,000 men. Soldiers! behold the work of fifteen days. Your own country, as well as Helvetia, have decreed you civic honours.

When whole nations offer you their tribute of admiration and gratitude, it is the duty of your General to remind you that a new career of exertion and danger presents itself to you. He engages, in your name, that you will force your way through it with your wonted intrepidity and devotion.

MASSENA.

ARMY OF HELVETIA.

ZURICH, OCTOBER 16.

MASSENA, COMMANDER IN CHIEF, TO THE MINISTER AT WAR OF THE HELVETIC REPUBLIC.

Citizen Minister

The last accounts I have had of Suwarrow state, that he had been sick for three days preceding at Mayenfeld; that his army was reduced to about 5000 men, most of whom are destitute of arms and shoes, and in a deplorable situation, on their march to Feldkirch, which induces me to suppose that he is endeavouring to effect his junction with the remains of the army of Korsakoff. What gives greater probability to this junction is, that the Russians who were upon the Rhine have all been relieved by the Austrians, and are marching towards Bregentz.

My movement into the Grisons will take place on the 18th or 19th. MASSENA.

BERNE—OCTOBER 12.

LAHARPE, CHIEF OF THE STAFF, TO THE MINISTER AT WAR.

Winterthur, Oct. 8.

Citizen Minister,

Yesterday was a fortunate and glorious day for the republic. The enemy having debouched by the bridges of Boussinguen and Diessenhosen, marched in two columns that were to unite at Andelsinguen. The French, who were far inferior in number, retreated in good order to about a league of Andelsinguen, where, having received reinforcements, they attacked the enemy, broke their line, and made a great havock amongst them. The hostile column, having with them at least 1000 horse that had passed the Rhine at Diessenhosen, made an unlucky charge on the French infantry, who took from them 100 horses. The French had few killed, and from five to six hundred wounded. The loss of the enemy in killed, wounded, and prisoners, exceeds two thousand men. They have lost besides several standards and pieces of cannon. The French occupied the whole of the left bank of the Rhine, except the Tete du Pont of Boussinguen, which they did not attack. (It has been taken since).

Resolution of the Directory, approved by the Great Council, respecting the demands made by General Massena of 800,000 livres from the city of Basle, one half in 24 hours, the remainder in 48 hours.

Resolved, That Citizen Degose, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic, shall immediately repair to Basle, and in conjunction with Citizen Schmiedt, National Prefect, enjoin the Municipality of Basle, and all the constituted authorities of the Canton, not only to refuse absolutely to make payment of the said loan, but to enter into no negociation or conference on the subject, and to furnish no requisition or other contribute, be it what it may, without being formally authorised to that effect by the Executive Directory, under the penalty of being responsible in their persons and property, and being treated as prevaricators and traitors to their country.

The most lively indignation was expressed by the Council against the proceeding complained of, and the Council formally testified its approbation of the firmness of the Directory.

THE EXECUTIVE HELVETIC DIRECTORY, TO THE CITIZENS COMPOSING THE MUNICIPALITY OF ZURICH.

Citizens, *Berne, Oct. 11.*

In place of receiving from General Massena a satisfactory reply to its Protests and Protestations, on the subject of the Forced Loan which he had demanded of you, the Executive Directory learns that a like sum has been demanded of the Commune of Berne.

It enjoins you, Citizens Municipal Officers, under your personal responsibility, under pain of being considered as traitors to your country, *to refuse not only all ulterior payment of the* [illegible]

must made upon you, but all negociation, or even to speak upon the subject.

The Executive Directory expects that no motive will lead you to dispense with the execution of this order, and that you will have the energy to persist.

COUNCIL OF ANTIENTS—Oct. 16.

Citizen Garat read a letter, dated Nice, 13th Sept. written by Citizens Lemonier and Durand, charged with supplying the places in Italy with ſtores and proviſions. This letter details the ſituation of the city of Rome, defended by a handful of French, who, for three months paſt, have not had the leaſt communication with their country. They were preparing to evacuate that place, and retire to Civita-Vecchia, when claſſes of people, on whom they did not in the leaſt reckon, complained that they were going to be abandoned, and requeſted to be permitted to join the French to repel the enemy. In a few hours 8,000 men were enrolled and armed. The prieſts and nobles were the firſt to ſet the example. The Ex-princes, Santa Croce and Borgheſe, put themſelves at the head of the civic troops, and joined the French Generals, Garnier and Belair.—Rome was the piſture of a camp. A column of 2500 men marched out and advanced againſt Fraſcati, where the Neapolitan army, 12,000 ſtrong, was entrenched. This they diſperſed, killed 900, took 1800, and brought in triumph to Rome the Neapolitan Prince who commanded it, with the army cheſt, containing 200,000 crowns. A reinforcement of from 12 to 1500 French would be ſufficient to ſecure Rome from all attack.

PARIS—Oct. 19.

LETTER FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY TO BUONAPARTE, PARIS, OCT. 18.

The Executive Directory cannot ſufficiently express to you, Citizen General, the joy it experienced at receiving your diſpatches of the 10th and 17th Thermidor, and the details of your campaign in Syria. It had, in common with all France, been afflicted at the long interruption of your correſpondence, but it was cautious not to give the leaſt credit to the diſaſtrous accounts which our enemies dared to circulate. They cannot be more gloriously contradicted than by your conduct. The affair of Aboukir, the laſt which you transmitted us an account of, is a complete proof. Your genius has ſoared above every difficulty. The Executive Directory deeply regrets the brave men you have loſt. It ceaſes not to appretiate the admirable conduct of the army you command, and renews to you, Citizen General, with unbounded ſatisfaction, the expreſſion of its unalterable confidence in your rare talents, which have ſo highly promoted the glory of the Republic, and which neceſſarily concur in accelerating that day ſo ardently deſired, when peace ſhall be obtained.

You will herewith receive the act of the 19th inſtant, by which the Legiſlative Body conſecrates the gratitude of the country towards the brave army of the Eaſt.

Buonaparte, in his voyage from Egypt put into Ajaccio, in Corſica, where he remained ſeven days. During his paſſage from Corſica to France he was chaſed by an Engliſh ſquadron, and the commander of the French diviſion propoſed to run aſhore in Corſica; but Buonaparte, who apprehended he ſhould be blocked up in that iſland, oppoſed the plan, and determined to truſt to fortune, which was as favourable to him on the coaſt of France, as when he invoked it on that of Egypt. The frigates and tranſports, favoured by the darkneſs of the night, entered the port of Frejus. The crowds which came to meet him on his way to Paris were immenſe, and all the towns and villages through which he paſſed in the night time were brilliantly illuminated. At Lyons the public joy knew no bounds; a dramatic piece called, "The Hero Returned," was written and performed the ſame evening, and Buonaparte was prevailed upon to viſit the theatre.

Buonaparte found the iſland of Corſica rent with factions, but he reconciled all parties, and confirmed them in one ſentiment of ſupporting the holy cauſe which we defend.

—STOCKS—

This day, (Oct. 30) at twelve o'clock.
3 *per cent. con.* 60¾ 61⅛—*Omnium*, 7¼ 8¼
Exchanges on Dublin 13

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—NOVEMBER 2.

Paris papers have arrived to the date of the 25th ult. They bring no confirmation of the telegraphic reports which appeared in thoſe received formerly.

MASSENA writes from Zurich, under the date of October 10, that the laſt accounts he had received of General SUWARROW left him ill at Mayenfeld, and that his army was reduced to 5000 men: now we know, by the London Gazette (ſee a foregoing column,) that on the preceding day the Ruſſians were at Coire, and that on the 11th or 12th, it was the intention of the Field Marſhal to form a junction with General KORSAKOW.

MASSENA ſtates, that he ſhould move towards the Griſons on the 16th or 17th. Meanwhile an order has been iſſued by the Helvetic Executive Directory to the Municipality of Zurich, to reſiſt paying a forced loan of 800,000 francs, impoſed upon the Commune by MASSENA, after his re-entry into that place. The boldneſs with which this order was given ſeems to us to argue a confidence on the part of the Swiſs that the reſidence of the French amongſt them may not be of long duration.

Till the above point is ſettled, it ſhould appear that MASSENA is without the means of putting his army in motion.

A Military Council has been held at Schaffhauſen, to digeſt the beſt meaſures for repairing the late diſaſters in Switzerland; and it is ſaid to have been decided that the Archduke CHARLES ſhall command on the right, and Marſhall SUWARROW on the left.

The Paris Papers contain no news of conſequence from Italy. Genoa was ſtill in poſſeſſion of the French on the 9th inſtant; but they were reduced to the laſt extremity by famine, and had ſhipped off all their artillery for France.

BUONAPARTE has arrived at Paris, and has had ſeveral audiences of the Directory. The Journals are filled with ſpeculations reſpecting how he is to be employed.

When Buonaparte determined to return to Europe, he entruſted his deſign only to General Berthier, chief of the ſtaff. He ordered Vice Admiral Ganteaume to equip the Muron and the Carriere frigates, with La Revanche advice boat and L'Independence tartane, without acquainting him with his project, which he did not attempt to execute until he had ſecured the poſſeſſion of Upper and Lower Egypt, and pay for the army during one year.

Buonaparte next addreſſed a note, ſealed up, to thoſe whom he was deſirous of taking with him, with expreſs orders not to open it but on the ſea coaſt, at a fixed day and hour.

The 23d of Auguſt was the day fixed on. All thoſe who received the note repaired to the appointed ſpot, opened it, and loſt not a moment in embarking. They left their effects at their quarters, and their horſes on the ſea ſhore.

When they were on board, the names were called over, and two ſtrangers were diſcovered and landed.—The veſſels were prevented by contrary winds from leaving Aboukir till the 25th.

Buonaparte had, on his departure, left a packet addreſſed to General Kleber, which was not to be opened for 24 hours after he went away. The packet contained the nomination of Kleber to the command in chief during his abſence, and alſo the appointment of General Deſſaix as Commander in Upper Egypt. Beſides the French who accompanied Buonaparte in his return, he had with him ſeveral Mamelukes, ſome Arabs, and his guides.

It is with the moſt ſerious concern we have to ſtate, that on Friday evening laſt, in a gale of wind from the N. W. the NASSAU of ſixty-four guns parted from her anchors in the Outer Road of the Texel, and drove on ſhore to the eaſtward of the Texel iſland. She fired ſignal guns of diſtreſs all night, but no aſſiſtance could be given her, and in the morning nothing could be ſeen but her foremaſt and bowſprit, the hull being entirely under water. Happily the crew were ſaved.

The SUN received here this morning ſays:—"From the aſſiſtance that was afforded her, there was every reaſon to hope that the whole of the crew would have been ſaved; but unfortunately ſome of the ſeamen threw off all regard to diſcipline, and became intent on plunder, by which means two officers and 42 men periſhed. Theſe two officers were the Captain of marines and the purſer. All the other officers and men were happily ſaved."

Before the Active packet ſailed, that brought the above intelligence, a number of tranſports, having at leaſt 10,000 troops on board, had left the Texel for England.

Theſe troops were chiefly embarked on Thurſday ſe'enight and Friday laſt, the weather having before been very unfavourable, but as it is now more propitious, the embarkation would proceed very rapidly.

Sir Ralph Abercromby, we believe, will command the rear guard of the army at its embarkation. This gallant veteran has rendered himſelf dear to all his ſoldiery, as well by his attention to their welfare, as by his diſtinguiſhed talents as a General.

We have Lord DUNCAN's authority to ſtate, that the report of the Kent being loſt is entirely void of foundation.

On Thurſday the CYNTHIA ſloop of war, of 20 guns, Capt. MARK BOND, arrived in Leith Roads from Holland. On board of her came the Moſt Noble the Marquis of HUNTLY, the Hon. Col. FORBES of the Guards, ſon of Lord Forbes; Captain GORDON, third ſon of the late Lord Rockville; and Colonel OSWALD of 35th regiment, ſon of Mr Oſwald, Dunnikier. The Marquis of Huntly, we are happy to hear, is faſt recovering of the wound he received in the ſhoulder, and Capt. Gordon who had his thigh bone broken, is alſo doing well. They are both at Walkers Hotel.

Colonel FORBES was aid-de-camp to Sir R. ABERCROMBY.

Colonel OSWALD was carried on ſhore to Kirkcaldy from Leith Roads, and proceeded to his father's houſe near that town.

To morrow evening, at ſix o'clock, a ſermon will be preached by the Rev. Mr M'CREE, in his own meeting-houſe, end of Potterrow.—The collection for relief of the Deſtitute Sick.

The London poſt did not arrive this day till nine o'clock.—There has been much reaſon for complaint, on account of the late arrivals for ſome time paſt. It is ſaid the delay is occaſioned by waiting at York four hours for a bag from Hull. We hope ſome regulations will ſpeedily be adopted to forward that bag at an earlier hour, and prevent the whole diſpatch northward from ſuffering ſo heavy an interruption.

FIRE.

Early yeſterday morning an alarming fire broke out in the work-ſhop of Mr JOHN THOMSON, blockmaker in Leith; which, but from the great command of water, and timeous exertions to extinguiſh it, would have proved fatal not only to the work itſelf, but to an adjoining candle manufactory.

—MARRIED—

On Tueſday the 29th ult. the Rev. WILLIAM FINDLAY, miniſter of Eaglesham, to Miſs ELIZABETH M'GIBBON of Stirling.

At Montroſe, on Monday laſt, Mr DAVID WALKER, merchant in Glaſgow, to Miſs MARGARET LYAL, daughter of James Lyal, Eſq. merchant in Montroſe.

—BIRTH—

On Friday the 25th ult. the Lady of F. H. SITWELL was ſafely delivered of a ſon, at Stevenſon-houſe, East-Lothian.

—DIED—

At New York, on the 9th September, of the yellow fever, Mr JAMES GRANT, ſon to the Rev. Mr Grant, late miniſter at Kilmainvaig.

—ARRIVED AT LEITH.—

Oct. 31. Induſtry, Innes, from Newcaſtle, goods—Union, Paterſon, from London, ditto—Jemmy, Thomſon, from Dyſart, coals.

Nov. 1. Three Brothers, Barr, from Newcaſtle, goods—Leith Packet, Scott, from London, ditto—Caledonia Packet, James, from ditto, ditto—Friendſhip, Crighton, from ditto, wheat—Raven, Stafford, from ditto, ditto.

—CLEARED OUT.—

Nov. 1. Peggy, Blackwood, for Berwick—Chriſtian, Wiſhart, for Newcaſtle—Sprightly, Taylor, for London—London and Berwick Packet, Ward, for ditto—Elizabeth, Hunter, for Greenock—Glaſgow Packet, Hall, for London, all goods.

Wind E. S. E. moderate.

LLOYD'S MARINE LIST—Oct. 29.

L'HERCULE Premier, French letter of marque, of 10 guns and 30 men, from Cayenne to Bourdeaux, is taken by the Stag frigate, and arrived at Plymouth.

The Amity, Swales, from Peterſburgh, was on ſhore on the Cockle, near Yarmouth, but ſince got off.

The Quintillon ——, from Peterſburgh to Shields, is on ſhore on the hard ſand at Shields, and it is feared will be loſt.

The Waſhington, Nixon, from Liſbon to Liverpool, was burnt at Falmouth on the 23d inſt. about 600 bags of cotton ſaved.

The Pitt privateer of Jerſey has taken and ſent into that place a Spaniſh chaſſe maree, with 26 hhds of clay'd ſugar.

The Emanuel, Meyer, from New-York to Hamburgh, is captured by the Lynx, and carried into Halifax.

The Jane, Dolling, from Jamaica to London, is taken and carried into Bourdeaux.

The Albion, Tattersall, from Liverpool for Demarara, is captured by the French, and ſent for Senegal.

The Neptune, Bell, from London for Exeter, was taken on Wedneſday night off Folkſtone, by a French lugger, who it is reported had taken five other coaſters. The Neptune is ſince retaken by the Lion cutter, and ſent into Ramsgate.

MAILS.

Arrived——Ireland, 7.—Hamburgh, 1.—Liſbon, 0.
Due——Ireland, 2.—Hamburgh, 1.

WINDS AT DEAL.

Oct. 25. N. W.—26. N. N. W.—27. N. N. W.—28. S.W.

SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Oct. 30.—ALEXANDER SCOTT, Manufacturer in Glaſgow.—Creditors to meet in the Black Bull Inn there on the 7th November, at one P. M. to chuſe an interim factor; and on the 28th November, to chuſe a truſtee.

Creditors of PETER RALSTON, late Skinner in Glaſgow, to call at William Davidſon's, tanner there, the truſtee, on the 29th November, at eleven A. M. to receive their dividends.

—— Meſs. GOW, HARRIS, & COMPANY, Tanners in Arbroath, to call at William Colvil's writing-room there, the truſtee, on or after the 3d December, to receive their final dividends.

Examination of JOHN BRAND, Cotton-ſpinner in Calton, on the 8th and 22d November, at one P. M. in the Sheriff Court-houſe of Glaſgow.—Creditors to meet in Chas. Campbell's counting-houſe, Glaſford Street, Glaſgow, the truſtee, on the 23d November, to give inſtructions.—Claims to be lodged before the 7th July.

HADDINGTON, Nov. 1.

	Wheat.	*Barley.*	*Oats.*	*Peaſe.*	*Beans.*
Firſt	57s od	34s od	26s od	31s od	38s od
Second	37s od	29s od	23s 6d	— —	31s od
Third	24s od	24s od	21s od	— —	— —

WIG MAKING.

WILLIAM CLIREHUGH, Succeſſor to Mr William Vair, has the honour to acquaint his Cuſtomers and Gentlemen who wiſh to wear NATURAL WIGS, That he has purchaſed an aſſortment of the fineſt hair of all colours, which in general has a beautiful bright gloſs, particularly adapted for the Elaſtic Wigs without powder, which he makes to fit the head with ſo much exactneſs, covering every part where the hair grows, that they acquire the ſimilitude of natural; and he may ſafely affirm, that thoſe attempted to be made on his conſtruction are but ſorry imitations. He is at more than ordinary expence to procure the fineſt hair and workmanſhip. Has alſo ſome of the fineſt hair for lawyers and dreſſing.

CLIREHUGH who, from twenty to thirty years, has been perfecting himſelf in that art, will forbear further particulars, as the ſuperiority of his Wigs is generally known. All who honour him with their employment will be waited on, and may have the choice of any colour of hair, and be ſerved on the ſhorteſt notice.

Croſs, Edinburgh, Nov. 2. 1799.

THE SCOTS MILITIA INSURANCE OFFICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Office is Opened for the purpoſe of INSURING Perſons againſt ſerving in the MILITIA OF SCOTLAND, at the LUCKY LOTTERY-OFFICE, at

A SIEVEWRIGHT'S,

No. 12, *Nicolſon's Street, Edinburgh*;

Where attendance will be given every lawful day, from nine o'clock in the morning, to eight o'clock in the evening.

The Premiums, in general, will be from ONE to TWO GUINEAS ONLY, but in large towns and maritime places, they will be higher according to circumſtances.

A Table of rates will be ſeen by applying as above.

TO THE CUSTOMERS OF WILLIAM RICHARDSON

WOOLLEN DRAPER, HATTER and HOSIER, High-ſtreet, Edinburgh.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

PERMIT me in this way to offer you many thanks for your favours ſince I began buſineſs on my own account. As I wiſh to do all in my power to merit a continuance of them, as well as to increaſe the number of my friends; I beg leave to acquaint you, that I have been through the different Manufacturing Towns in England, making up my Stock for the Winter, and am now here to complete it. I will be again at my own Warehouſe in a few days, with an aſſortment, which, I hope nothing in Edinburgh will exceed either in faſhion or quality. I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your much Obliged Humble Servant,

LONDON, Oct. 28. 1799. WILLIAM RICHARDSON.

IRISH STATE LOTTERY.

Begins Drawing on Monday the 18th November 1799.

THE TICKETS ARE SOLD,

And Divided into

Half, Fourth, Eighth, and Sixteenth Shares,

AT THE LONDON PRICES,

BY JOHN WHITE AND CO.

At their Licenſed State Lottery Office,

OPPOSITE THE TRON CHURCH, EDINBURGH,

Where

TICKETS AND SHARES

FOR THE BRITISH STATE LOTTERY,

Which begins Drawing the 3d March, are alſo ſelling in *Variety of Numbers.*

THIS DAY'S PRICES.

Irish—Ticket,	L. 7 17 6		*Britiſh*—Ticket,	L. 15 12 0	
Half,	4 2 0		Half	8 0 0	
Fourth,	2 2 0		Fourth	4 1 0	
Eighth,	1 1 6		Eighth	2 1 0	
Sixteenth,	0 11 0		Sixteenth	1 1 0	

J. WHITE & Co. recommend *purchaſing early*, Tickets having already *advanced*, and are likely to be much higher.

Commiſſions with caſh, or bills at a ſhort date, executed on the ſame terms as if perſonally preſent.—Schemes gratis.—Letters (poſt paid) duly anſwered.

THIS MONTH,

NOVEMBER 18,

THE IRISH STATE LOTTERY

Commences Drawing.

SCHEME.

No. of Prizes.	*Val. of each.*	*Total Val.*
1 of	L. 15,000 is	L. 15,000
2 —	10,000 —	20,000
3 —	5,000 —	15,000
3 —	2,000 —	6,000
4 —	1,000 —	4,000
8 —	500 —	4,000
30 —	100 —	3,000
100 —	20 —	2,000
9,000 —	9 —	81,000
9,151 Prizes.		L. 150,000
25,849 Blanks.		
35,000 Tickets.		

The Firſt-drawn 21ſt day 5,000 l. Firſt-drawn 23d day 10,000l. are part of the above Capitals.

TICKETS AND SHARES

Are ſelling at every Licenſed Office, and the Prizes will be paid as usual on demand.

Preſent Prices.

	Tickets		Shares	
Half	L. 4 4 0	Eighth	L. 1 2 0	
Fourth	2 3 0	Sixteenth	0 11 0	

Perſons in the country, remitting Poſt-Office orders, cash by the mail or ſtage-coachmen, to any Lottery-Office of credit, will have Tickets or Shares ſent them on the ſame terms as if perſonally preſent.

The demand for Tickets and Shares in the preſent Lottery being very great, the price will regularly advance as the drawing approaches, the ſame as in the late Lottery.

A GRAND SCHEME.

ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY, 1799,

BEGINS DRAWING MARCH 3, 1800.

No. of Prizes.		Val. of each.		Total Val.
2	of	L. 30,000	—	L. 60,000
3	—	20,000	—	60,000
3	—	10,000	—	30,000
4	—	5,000	—	20,000
5	—	2,000	—	10,000
10	—	1,000	—	10,000
10	—	500	—	5,000
26	—	100	—	2,600
54	—	50	—	2,700
16,650	—	18	—	299,700
16,767 Prizes.				L. 500,000
38,233 Blanks.				
55,000				

Part of the above Capitals, will be determined as under, viz.

First-drawn 20th Day 20,000
Ditto —— 26th Day 30,000

TICKETS and SHARES are ſelling at the Licenſed Lottery-Offices in England, Scotland, and Ireland, at the preſent low prices, viz.

Tickets - - - - L. 15 12 0

Halves - -	L. 8 0 0	Eighths - -	L. 2 1 0
Quarters - -	4 1 0	Sixteenths - -	1 1 0

NATIONAL DEFENCE.

Subſcriptions in the Parish of St MARTIN'S, in Perthſhire, beſides 15l. ſubſcribed by Mr M'Donald of St Martin's, at Edinburgh.

	L.		
Patrick Miller, Eſq. of Newmill	1	1	0
Mrs Miller of ditto	1	1	0
Thomas Coupar of Flockmagow	1	1	0
The Rev. Mr David Bannerman	1	1	0
His family	5	5	0
Mr Wm. Conſtable, Preacher of the Goſpel	2	2	0
John Bruce, Burnſide	3	3	0
James Blair at Mill	1	0	0
James Tafker at Cairnbeddie	1	1	0
Thomas Wighton jun. in Melginch	1	1	0
David Ogilvy in Raſhillall	1	1	0
Anne Skeng, ſervant to the miniſter; Wm. Baxter in Melginch; George Davidſon, in Gairdrum; Alexander Glaſs, in Friartown; Thomas Aliſon, in Petſkellie; John M'Farlane, in Boghall; George Ower, in Friarton; David Imrie, in Backland; Robert Douglas, in Maviſbank; John M'Farlane, in Roſemount —5s. each	2	10	0
James Royach, ſervant to the Rev. Mr David Bannerman, miniſter; Peter Bruce, in Cairnbeddie; David Fyfe, in ditto; Alexander Aliſon, in Windyedge; Ja. Bryſon, in Byres; James Malloch, Joſeph Will, in Melginch; John Miller, in Gairdrum; John Broyſter, in Eaſtmuir; Wm. Robertſon, in Eaſtdam; Wm. Robertſon, in Weſter Durhamfield; Duncan M'Laren—3s. each	1	16	0
Thomas Wighton, ſen. in Cairnbeddie	0	10	0
John Scobie, in Friartown	0	6	0
George Wright in St Martins, Alex. Watſon in ditto; David Davidſon in ditto; Robert Bruce in Cairnbeddie; James M'Neal, at Inntmill of St Martins; James Broyſter, in Eaſtmuir; James Tafker in Fairlſtyle; John Gillatly; James Morton, ſervant at St Martins; Andrew Fullerton, in Roſemount; Alexander Scott, in Cambuſmichael; James Scott, in Akenhead; Geo. Scott, in ditto; David Scott, in Barryhills; John Wallace in Rannywhiſtles; Thomas Aliſon, in Roſemount —2s. 6d. each	2	0	0
Helen Broyſter, widow in St Martins; Alexander Bruce, ſervant; Anne Murdoch, in Friartown; David Paton, in Doctormill; John Davidſon; George Bruce, in Cambeddie; Wm. Jackſon, in Blindwells; James Jackſon, in Weſtmuir; George Robertſon, in Dodgemuir; Robert Bryſon, in Byres; Thomas Watſon, in ditto; James Morris, James Whitelaw, John Scott, John M'Laren, John Finnick, John Murray, David Syme; John Mitchell, in Tarrylaw; John M'Laren, in ditto; Andrew Anderſon, in ditto; John Mitchell, Edward Thubar, John Morris, Thomas Gray, John Gairns, James Crichton, Thomas Owen, David Hay, James Hay, George Coupar, Alexander Baxter, Thomas Wilſon, John Moodie, in Boghall; James Kyd, in ditto; William Owen, in ditto; Thomas Owen, in ditto; Peter Gray in Gairdrum; George Broyſter, in ditto; David Jackſon, in ditto; James Anderſon, in ditto; John Brae, in ditto; James Scrymgeour, in ditto; James Carrick, Peter Bruce, William Bruce—1s. each	2	7	0
A. Tulloch, in Gairdrum; John M'Kay, in Friartown; Jo. Wright, Wm. Mann, in Cambeddie; A. Whitelaw, in ditto; W. Craig, in Byres; M. Will, Mabel Murray, in Roſemount; J. Peterkin, in Gairdrum; A. Scrymgeour, in ditto—6d. each	0	5	0
Robert Reid, in Gairdrum; Ro. Wallace, in Blindwells —4s. each	0	8	0
Alex. M'Kenzie, in Gateſide; George Davidſon, in ditto; Thomas Croyl, in Redford; Robert Imrie, in Gateſide; Thomas Bruce, in Leys; A. Wallace, in Kirkſtyle; Ebenezer Watſon, in Bridgend; David Watſon, in Carnbeddie; Alex. Wright, in Blackland; James Mann, in Cambuſmichael; James Mitchell, in Tarrylaw; David Miller, in ditto; John M'Donald, Thomas Aliſon, in Roſemount; Wm. Biſſet, in ditto —2s. each	1	10	0
Patrick Thomas, in Byres; James Dow, in ditto; Jo. Whittit, in Roſemount—1s. 6d. each	0	4	6
	L.	30	12 6

A MOST EXTRAORDINARY CURE

BY SPILSBURY's DROPS.

A BOY about three years old, a ſon of mine, was afflicted at the age of three months, with moſt violent ſcorbutic eruptions in his face, which afterwards ſpread all over him, and resiſted a variety of preſcriptions from ſeveral of the faculty; in conſequence of which I purchaſed of Thomas Wright, the printer of the Leeds Intelligencer, three bottles of Spilsbury's celebrated anticorbutic drops, which, I have the pleaſure to add, have effectually cured him; and as I conſider the making known this caſe of my child to be of the utmoſt conſequence to mankind, I therefore wiſh the ſame to be publiſhed for the good of the afflicted in general. I am, Sir, yours, &c.

W. PORTER.

Gartsforth, near Leeds, Feb. 19, 1799.

Witneſs, THOMAS WRIGHT, Leeds.

These drops may also be had of

R. SCOTT, Apothecary, South Bridge Street, Edinburgh,
Mr John Buchanan, jun. Sun Fire Office, Glaſgow.

J. Mennons and J. Duncan, Glaſgow	Meſſ. Morſon & Son, Perth
A. Barry, Paiſley	Mr Thomſon, Aberdeen
Maclelan, Greenock	Mr Dickſon, druggiſt, and
M'Intoſh, Inglis & Willon, Inverneſs	Mr Inglis, Dumfries
Tho. Cave, Banff	Walker & Hodſon, Newcaſtle
John Allan, Dundee	Mr Jollie, Carliſle
Mr Scott, ſurgeon, Kelſo	Mr James Paton, and
Mr Dick, Surgeon, Dundee	Mr P. Craigie, Montroſe
Mr Anderſon, Stirling	Mr Dempſter, Cupar Fife
	Mr Millar, druggiſt, Perth
	Mr Gray, mercht. Hawick

LEAKE'S PATENT PILLS.

Copy of a Letter from ROBERT DRYHORN, Eſq. to T. TAYLOR, Surgeon, No. 9. New Bridge-Street, Blackfriars.

"SIR, *Gleſgow, May* 27. 1799.

HAVING frequently heard of the remarkable cures your *Leake's Patent Pills* have effected, I was induced to apply for them to a vender in this town; and I have now the pleaſure of informing you, that from a ſtate almoſt incredible (being ſo much debilitated), I am now become healthy, robuſt, and ſtronger than ever, when even in perfect health; and this great cure has been effected by your invaluable medicine in the ſpace of about nine weeks.—I think I cannot but, in juſtice to you and your excellent remedy, deſire that you would let this letter appear in the public prints, to ſhow to ſociety the aſtoniſhing efficacy of this invaluable medicine. I am dear Sir, your humble ſervant, ROBERT DRYHORN."

To Mr T. TAYLOR, Surgeon, 9. New Bridge-ſtreet, London.

"DEAR SIR,

ABOUT nine months ſince I was troubled with a violent eruption all over my body, large bliſters on my neck, and was ſo ſeverely afflicted that I could get no reſt in the night for months; in conſequence of which I went under a long routine of medicine, which had not the moſt trifling effect: in the mean time I was informed by a friend that your pills, called *Leake's Patent Pills*, might do me ſome good; I therefore tried one box, when, to my great amazement, the large bliſters ſeemed to decreaſe. Encouraged by ſo unexpected an event, I reſolved to try more, and had taken only three boxes before the ſcales on my body totally diſappeared, and I am now perfectly cured.—I wiſh you to make my caſe known, that the public at large may be benefited by your pills.—The reaſon of my not making my caſe known to you ſooner was, I wiſhed to try them on a friend, who, with myſelf, lives to bleſs the day we had recourſe to your juſtly famous Patent Pills. I am, Sir, your moſt obedient ſervant and wellwiſher, JOHN MARKHAM."

Bridge-Street, Briſtol, April 18. 1799.

"P. S. Pray make my caſe as public as poſſible."

The above medicine is earneſtly recommended to all perſons who are in any doubt of their being free of every infection, particularly to thoſe about altering their condition in life, as it will certainly eradicate every taint of that nature, of however long ſtanding, or however diſguiſed under the appearance of other diſorders it may be. For Scorbutic, Glandular, and Cutaneous Complaints, it is alſo recommended to be taken, eſpecially in the ſpring, ſummer, and fall.

Prepared and ſold by the Sole Proprietor, THOS. TAYLOR, Member of the Corporation of Surgeons, London, at his houſe, No. 9. New Bridge-Street, where he will give advice without a fee to perſons taking theſe pills, and will anſwer patients letters, if poſt paid, on the ſame terms, obſerving in all caſes the moſt inviolable ſecrecy, no perſon's name or caſe having been mentioned, but at their own particular requeſt, by the Proprietor, during the courſe of more than 35 years that he has had the conducting of an extenſive ſale of the above medicine, and the practice ariſing therefrom. They are alſo ſold, by his appointment, at Meſſ. WATSON's, Bookſeller, South Bridge, Edinburgh; Mr Mennons', Printer, Glaſgow; Mr Black's, Belfaſt; Mr Calwell's, Dublin; Mr Hodgſon's, Newcaſtle; and by one perſon in every conſiderable town in England, &c. in boxes of only 2s. 9d. each, ſealed up, with full and plain directions.

N. B. Every box ſold in Great Britain is ſealed up with a Stamp, on which, by favour of the Commiſſioners, is printed at the Stamp Office, *T. Taylor, No. 9. New Bridge-Street*—to imitate which is felony, and all others are counterfeit.—4

TO THE AFFLICTED WITH RHEUMATISMS.

BLACK'S CHEMICAL RHEUMATIC PILLS. These Pills are a most certain remedy for Rheumatism, either externally or internally.

The following is one of the many cases effectually cured by this medicine, viz.

To Mr ALEXANDER BLACK, *Chemist and Apothecary, High Street.*

SIR,

In justice to your Chemical Rheumatic Pills, I send you the following state of my case: In the year 1779 I was taken ill with violent Rheumatic Pains over my whole body, particularly in my arms, back, and limbs. After using every possible remedy, I continued very distressed for more than twelve months; ever since, I have had a regular attack yearly, for at least three months. For seven months past I have been confined to the house with the most excessive pains. I used every approved medicine, but with no effect. I was advised to make trial of a box of your pills, which procured me considerable relief; and upon using a second box, I am now, thank God, perfectly cured.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

ROBERT BURNS, sen. merchant.

Edinburgh, 25th Aug. 1799.

☞ These Pills require no alteration of diet, nor confinement of any kind, excepting that, in severe weather, it may be requisite to use care in case of catching of cold.

*** Black's Chemical Rheumatic Pills, prepared by himself, only, are sold at 5s. per box, with directions for using them, at his Laboratory, High Street; Mr Raeburn, perfumer, North Bridge Street; and Mr M'Donald, Glasgow.

SALE OF SUBJECTS,

In the Town and Neighbourhood of Borrowstounness.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Pottery Ware-house at the east end of the town of Bo-ness, on Monday the 11th day of November, at 12 o'clock mid-day, and entered to at the term of Martinmas next,

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS which belonged to Thomas Cowan, merchant and manufacturer of stone ware in Bo-ness.

The LEASE of that Valuable and Extensive POTTERY of STONEWARE, at the east end of the town of Bo-ness, 86 years of which are to run from the term of Martinmas next, with leases of sundry other subjects therewith connected.

The LEASE of a POTTERY of BROWN WARE at Bridgeness, within little more than a quarter of a mile of the former, about 14 years of which are likewise to run, from the said term of Martinmas, together with the materials, utensils, and apparatus belonging to said potteries.

The situation of these Potteries is extremely well adapted for carrying on the business to considerable extent, as at the port and harbour of Bo-ness, the advantages arising to the manufacturer, both in the importation of the clay and other materials, and the exportation of the manufactured goods, cannot fail to be very great.

Also, The LEASE of a PARK at Gauze, near Bo-ness, consisting of about 9 acres or thereby, 11 years of which are are yet to run.

Immediately after the above are disposed of, there will be sold within the foresaid ware-house, a very large and valuable ASSORTMENT of STONEWARE.

For further particulars, application may be made to Alexander Cuming at the Pottery, or George Napier, writer in Edinburgh, who will shew the articles of roup.

MILLS NEAR PERTH TO BE LET.

THE MILLS and MILL-LANDS of PITCAIRN, situated on the river Almond, about three miles from Perth, are to be let on a lease for 19 years, from Whitsunday next.

They have the command of the whole water in the river, and the mills worked by the present fall, are two Oil-mills and a Flour-mill.

There is no survey of the Lands in their present state, but it is believed that their extent is upwards of 30 acres.

By erecting a new dam a little higher on the river, an additional fall may be obtained, more than equal to what works the present mills.

For farther particulars application may be made to the proprietor at Methven castle, or to Archibald Lundie, W. S. either of whom will receive proposals in writing, betwixt and January 1800.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 11th December, 1799, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of BERRY-HOLE, LUNQUHAT, WESTER LUMBENNY, LOCHY-HEADS, MAIRSLAND, and others, with the teinds and pertinents of the same, all lying in the parishes of Abdie, Collessie, Auchtermuchty, and Newburgh, and as presently possessed by the following tenants, viz. Berryhole, by John Finlayson; Wester Lumbenny, by Peter Arnot; Lumquhat and Lochy-heads by Robert Arrot; and Mairsland, by Andrew Young.

The farm of Lumquhat Mains, will be out of lease at Martinmas next, when a purchaser may enter to the possession thereof.—It contains 200 acres, and is contiguous to the farm of Lochyheads.

The whole of the above lands contain near 900 Scots acres, and the present rent thereof is only about 753l. 8s. Sterling: but as all the lands are capable of great improvement, a considerable rise of rent may be expected at the expiry of the leases.

The whole of the lands hold of the Crown, and afford several Freehold Qualifications in the county of Fife.

There are some old trees on part of the lands, and there are several excellent situations for houses. The lands will be sold either altogether or in such lots as may be most agreeable to purchasers.

The writings and conditions of sale, with rentals, and measurments of the lands, are in the hands of Mr James Walker, W. S. to whom any person wanting further information may apply.

SALE OF A CAPITAL ESTATE IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday 11th December 1799, at one afternoon,

THE LANDS and BARONY of BALCOMIE, lying in the Parish of Crail and County of Fife, comprehending the House and Parks of Balcomie, the Farms of Kilminning, Craighead, Cottoun and others, with the Pidcon-House, Mill, and Pertinents of the same, and containing 533 acres Scotch measure, or thereby, of very rich ground.

The present rent of this estate, putting a very moderate rent on the House, Garden, and Pigeon House, is only about 1260l. Sterling; but at the expiry of the present leases there is a certainty that a great rise of rent will be got. There are also above 11 acres of excellent ground planted with green wood, and which are not brought into the rental.

The premisses are situated at Fifeness, on the east extremity of the county, and have a most extensive view of the German ocean, and the islands of May and Bass.

The Mansion House, which is very large, and a most commodious and substantial building, is in complete repair, and is equal to the accommodation of any family. There is also a large and elegant court of offices, containing every useful accommodation, and a great part of the furniture will be sold along with the premisses.

The Parks of Balcomie, which are extensive, are well inclosed; and as they are only let from year to year for pasture, they would give a great additional rent if they were to be broke up. The purchaser may enter thereto, and to the Mansion House and Garden immediately; but most of the other lands are under leases, of which several years are still to run.

The lands are of a most excellent quality, and from the advantages which they derive from the sea weed, shell marle, lime, &c. are capable of great improvements. There is a certainty of iron stone in the grounds. There is also abundance of free stone, and from the great extent of coast, there are always great quantities of sea ware thrown upon the grounds, which is not only useful to the estate, but may be burned or manufactured to great advantage.

The whole estate holds of the Crown, and affords several freehold qualifications.

It is situated in a very cheap part of the country, and fish of all kinds may always be had at the most cheap rates. In short, a more desirable purchase is seldom to be met with:—and more lands may be got in the neighbourhood at moderate prices.

The house will be shewn by the housekeeper, and copies of the rental, by Mr Whyte at Crail.

The conditions of sale and title deeds, are in the hands of James Walker, writer to the signet, to whom any person wanting more particular information may apply.

Judicial Sale of Three Hundred and Forty Acres

OF THE

FOREST OF CULROSS,

CONSISTING OF WOOD OF FORTY-THREE YEARS OLD.

To be exposed to SALE, by auction, on Friday the 15th day of November curt. within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session,

THREE HUNDRED & FORTY ACRES of the FOREST of CULROSS, consisting of FIR WOOD of forty-three years old, in the lots, and at the upset prices following, *viz.*

Lots.	*Measure.*	*Upset Prices.*
1	6.520	L. 748 7 2
2	5.130	591 16 5
3	5.	480 19 6
4	5.110	488 12 9½
5	5.080	560 1 7½
6	6.750	622 8 11
7	6.900	588 19 7
8	6.100	517 3 3½
9	6.60	559 8 10
10	6.	555 14 11
11	5.310	370 6 3
12	5.500	447 4 0
13	6.330	507 16 6
14	6.750	606 2 10
15	1.600	104 8 9½
16	7.050	435 19 7½
17	7.500	543 0 0
18	7.	457 0 4½
19	4.100	212 17 9
20	4.900	402 15 7
21	4.800	400 18 0
22	4.900	418 15 11½
23	53.600	4675 7 10
24	33.920	2351 10 10½
25	64.100	3151 10 9½
26	45.30	2502 4 2
27	18.	1137 4 4

The acre, at an average, contains about 3500 cubic feet of measurable wood, and 6000 running feet of Pit wood. The measurable wood is only valued at 6d per cubic foot, and the Pit wood at one farthing per foot. The Forest is situated within a mile and a half of the sea, and a good road is now making and pier building for the more readily transporting the wood when cut, for which purpose a proper time will be allowed.

The Forester will shew the premisses; and the articles of roup, with a plan of valuation of the Forest, are to be seen in the office of Mr Bruce, depute clerk of Session, and Robert Watson, writer, Park-street, agent in the Sale, will furnish intended offerers with printed copies of a report of the value and different lots of the Forest, and give any other necessary information.

By Adjournment.

To be SOLD within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 20th November 1799, between one and two afternoon,

THE FARM of CLINKMILN, with the teinds, parsonage and vicarage thereof, situated within a mile of the Town of Cupar, in the County of Fife, to be held of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu-duty. It consists of upwards of 66 Scots acres. It is all substantially inclosed, and divided into eight fields, principally with stone and lime walls, in good repair, each of them is well watered, and it is presently in excellent order.

There is a good whin stone quarry on these lands, and command of water, sufficient for carrying on the business of a Distillery, or other work requiring such accommodation, which from their local situation, might be advantageously done.

As also, the PROPERTY in CUPAR MUIR, which belongs to Mr Robertson of Balgarvie, lying about a mile west from Cupar, likewise to be held of a subject superior. It consists of between 40 and 50 acres, about 16 of them have been lately trenched, dunged, limed, and laid down properly in grass. The rest of them is occupied by a remarkable fine thriving Fir Wood, about 30 years old.

There has been built and finished substantially within these three years, a Dwelling-house, Stable, and Byre on this property, and there is a free stone quarry in it.

The ground forms a square, affords an elegant situation for a Gentleman of taste to build on, and is inclosed by a ditch, a thriving hedge, and a strong railing.

Further particulars may be learned by applying to Edward Bruce, clerk to the signet, and the premisses will be shewn by Joseph Low, gardener at Balgarvie.

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, in the month of December next, if not previously disposed of by private bargain,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of PITNACREE, lying in the parish of Logierait, and shire of Perth.

The estate is finely situated on the river Tay, ten miles above Dunkeld, and is allowed to be one of the most desirable of its extent in Scotland. There is a commodious Mansion-house, with a complete Court of Offices, commanding an extensive and picturesque view, and the grounds, beautifully situated by nature, has been laid out with much taste.

The present rental, after deduction of public burdens, exclusive of wood, is 330l. Sterling, which, at the expiry of the leases, will considerably increase. The extent of the property is about 527 acres, of which 130 is hill ground.

The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a Freehold Qualification.

The woods, consisting principally of fir and oak, are very extensive and valuable, in so much that for some time past about 200l. has been annually drawn for the fir alone, without injuring the beauty of the place, and 1000l. has been offered for the first cutting of the oak.

A considerable streamt runs through the property, with several falls sufficient for any machinery.

The neighbouring hills abound with game, the woods contain deer, and the Tay, in which it has a right of fishing with net and rod, affords excellent salmon and trout; and, upon the whole, this is one of the most desirable estates that has for many years been offered for sale.

The day and place of sale will be afterwards advertised; and the title-deeds and rental will be shown by Donald M'Lean, W.S. who has powers to conclude a private bargain.

THE LANDS OF RUSCOE AND OTHERS,

IN THE STEWARTRY OF KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 27th of November curt. at one o'clock afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING LANDS IN TWO LOTS, VIZ.

LOT I. THE LANDS and BARONY of RUSCOE, lying in the parishes of Anworth and Girthon, 10 miles from Kirkcudbright, and two miles from the thriving village of Gatehouse, in the Bay of Fleet, where there is a weekly market, and convenient sea port.

This estate is divided into eight farms, all which contain both arable and pasture ground, and the arable land in each is properly inclosed with stone dykes, or hedge and ditch. The farm houses have suitable offices, and both are in good repair,

The gross rent is 509l. and as the lease of one of the farms let at 50l. expires next year, and that of another yielding 172l expires in 1803, a very considerable rise may be expected. There is some old wood on the land, and a considerable extent of thriving natural wood and planting.

The Proprietor has right to the teinds of the estate, (except of one farm,) and they were valued in 1735.

The lands hold blench of the Crown, afford a Freehold Qualification, and stand valued in the cess books at 527l. 10s. Scots.

If this estate is not sold in November, it will be divided into different lots, and again advertised for sale in January next.

LOT II. The LANDS of SCROGGIEHILL and MIDTOWN, lying in the parish of Beutle, about two miles from the market town of Castle Douglas, and the like distance from several shipping ports on the water of Urr; and within two miles of good marle.

This Farm is all arable, and inclosed with stone dyke, or ditch and hedge. The Farm House is substantial, and covered with slate, and has a most complete set of offices and shades for cattle, also slated, all built within these few years.

The gross rent is 180l. and at the expiry of the present lease, of which 12 years are to run from Whitsunday next, a great rise will take place. These lands hold feu of the Crown, and the proprietor has right to the teinds, which were valued in 1770.

The tenants will shew the lands, and Charles Stewart, W. S. will shew a plan, the titles and rental of the estate, and inform as to other particulars.

LANDS IN LANARKSHIRE.

To be SOLD, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 20th day of November 1799, at one o'clock afternoon, in the following lots,

LOT I.—THE LANDS and FARMS of AUCHINGRAY, lying in the parish of Carnwath, and shire of Lanark, as set in tack to and possessed by Thomas Aitken, James Brocket, and James Brown, consisting of 544 Scotch acres, whereof 203 acres are arable, 45 excellent meadow, and 297 pasture ground. The arable lands are of a good quality, mostly of a free soil, and well adapted for green crops of every kind. These three farms lie contiguous, are partly inclosed with stone dykes lately built; and, from the great plenty of free stone in the lands, the whole may be done at little expence. There is plenty of limestone in the grounds, also coal, although this last has not hitherto been wrought.

There is just now building upon the west farm a commodious dwelling-house and set of farm offices. The lands lie twenty-one miles west from Edinburgh, three from the Iron Works of Cleugh and six from Carnwath. The lands hold of Mr Lockhart of Carnwath; and the present free rent is only 123l. Sterling, the tenants paying all public burdens; but, at the expiry of the leases, it is expected they will give double the present rent.—If this lot does not sell in whole, it will be exposed in two lots; one consisting of the west farm, possessed by Thomas Aitken, and the other of the two farms possessed by James Brocket and James Brown.

II.—The FARM of FALLSIDE, lying in the parish of Roberton, and shire of Lanark, as set to and presently possessed by James Aitken, at the yearly rent of 160l. Sterling, consisting of 971 acres, of which 148 acres are arable, 22 meadow, and the rest pasture ground. The greatest part of the arable land on this farm is well adapted for turnip husbandry. On the east side, a little off the march, are extensive lime works, where lime can at all times be got at a reasonable rate, and coal at a small distance.—There is a substantial dwelling-house and farm offices just now building on the lands.

III.—The FARM of HILLEND and SMELLGILLS, lying in the parish of Roberton, and shire of Lanark, as presently set in tack to and possessed by John Carmichael, at the yearly rent of 97l. Sterling. The lands in this lot consist of 894 acres, of which 180 are arable, and the rest excellent pasture grounds. The farm of Hillend is beautifully situated on the banks of the Clyde; and the great road from Edinburgh to Leadhills passes immediately to the south of this lot, and the post road from Glasgow to Carlisle within less than a mile.

The lands in lots 2d and 3d hold feu of Lord Douglas.

The lands in lot 1st will be shewn by the tenants; those of lots 2d and 3d by James Cock, at Hardington;—and the title deeds, tacks, rental, and plan will be seen in the hands of James Marshall, writer to the signet; to whom, or to Thomas Smith, writer, Argyll Square, Edinburgh, or John Lamb, writer in Lanark, application may be made for further particulars.

SALE OF LANDS IN KINCARDINESHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 20th day of November curt. at one afternoon, if not previously sold by private bargain,

THE LANDS and BARONIES of THORNTON and PITNAMOON, lying in the parishes of Forden and Marykirk, about ten miles from Montrose, ten from Brechin, and five miles from the sea-port town of Johnshaven, together also with the Right of Patronage of the church of Marykirk.

These lands are pleasantly situated on a south exposure, are well bounded, and compact, all together, consisting of about 1400 Scots acres, mostly arable, all of a good quality, and well adapted for Green Crops.

The Mains of Thornton and Pitnamoon, allowed to be the best farms on the property, are out of lease at Martinmas next, and the lease of the Mill of Thornton, with about 200 acres of good land, expires at Martinmas 1802.—Estimating the Mains at a very moderate rent, the rental amounts at present to about 700l. Sterling, and when the leases of the Mill, and some others, which are of short endurance, expire, a very considerable rise of rent will be obtained.

The Manses and Churches of Forden and Marykirk are in complete repair, and also the farm-houses and mills on the property to be exposed to sale.

There is no modern Mansion House on the lands; but there is on Thornton an old Castle, surrounded with some fine old Trees, and affording good materials for buildings to any extent; besides the old trees there are about 80 acres of young Plantations, all in a thriving condition.

These lands hold of the Crown, and the valued rent is 1104l. Scots. A purchaser may be accommodated with as much more valued rent as will make up three Freehold Qualifications.

For further particulars apply to Mr Scott at Laurencekirk, who will cause shew the lands, or Maxwell Gordon and John Morison, writers to the signet, in whose hands are the title-deeds, and who will treat for a private sale.

If the lands are not sold, the proprietor will be ready to treat for leases of the Mains of Thornton, and also of the Mains of Pitnamoon, and the other parts of the property out of lease.

SALE OF LANDS IN STRATHEARN.

TO BE SOLD,

By public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 28th day of November curt. between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of MILNEARN, lying in the parishes of Trinity Gask, and Madderty, with the whole Mills, Multures, and Sequels thereto belonging.

The situation of this property, on the north bank of the Earn, is extremely beautiful, the Mansionhouse is large, in good order, and fit to accommodate a genteel family, with garden and orchard well stocked with the best kinds of fruit trees, and offices which are newly built; and on the lands is a great quantity of valuable oak, ash, elm, and other trees of a great age, besides from 20 to 30 acres of very thriving plantations of various kinds of trees, from 14 to 30 years old.

These Mills, standing at a considerable distance from, and out of sight of the Mansionhouse, with a most extensive thirlage, have the command of the whole water in the Earn, which, besides the Corn Mills, is able to work many others, or indeed any weight of machinery; and that all the year round.

The lands are of excellent quality, mostly inclosed, and properly laid out, are within two miles of Auchterarder, a post town, and twelve of Perth, and lie in an excellent neighbourhood, and finesporting country, where there are plenty of game, and the river Earn, one of the most beautiful and best rivers for fishing in Scotland, runs near by the house. In short a purchase in every way so desirable, is very seldom to be met with.

The progress of writs are clear, which, with the rental, are in the hands of Thomas Miller, writer in Edinburgh, who will give every information necessary, and the proprietor will cause the lands be shown to any person who may be desirous to view them.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of KIRKTON and WHITELAW, in the county of Linlithgow, and within a mile of the market town of Bathgate.—This estate consists of 400 acres or thereby, and lies about sixteen miles west from Edinburgh, on the new great road to Glasgow, which passes through the property. In the near neighbourhood there is abundance of excellent coal at a moderate price, and in the estate itself an inexhaustible quarry of limestone, of a very superior quality, which might be wrought to great advantage at a small expence. Around the mansion-house and offices, which are commodious, there is a considerable quantity of old planting, which gives shelter and beauty to the place: and on the other parts of the estate there are clumps and plantations of younger trees, in a thriving condition.

The whole estate is inclosed, and, having been chiefly in pasture for several years, is in a situation highly favourable to the purchaser at his entry, which may be to the natural possession of the greater part of the property at Martinmas next. But the chief excellence which this estate possesses is, that, in general, the soil is dry, fertile, and adapted to green crops, which renders cultivation cheap and easy, and the produce early and abundant. Its local situation also, in a populous country, and especially in the immediate vicinity of the town of Bathgate, ensures high rents for such of the grounds as the proprietor may chuse to let, and a ready sale for the produce of those which he may retain in his own possession. In short, few situations occur more eligible than that now offered to sale, and in which a purchaser's objects, whether of profit or convenience, may be attained with greater certainty and success.

The estate affords a freehold qualification in the county.—There is an heritable right to the teinds of Kirkton, and those of Whitelaw are valued and nearly exhausted.

For further particulars application may be made to Francis and John Andersons, W. S.

By Adjournment.

SALE OF VALUABLE ESTATES IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

To be SOLD on Friday the 8th day of November curt. within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of BALLINSHOE and CRAIGNATHRO', lying in the Parishes of Kirriemuir and Forfar, together or in lots.

The said lands of Ballinshoe, &c. lie contiguous and within two miles of Forfar and Kirriemuir. They consist of about 1400 acres of rich arable land, (800 of which are substantially inclosed and divided by stone dykes) 200 acres of planting, and about 500 acres of pasture and moss.

The moss affords not only an abundant supply of fuel to the estate but also for sale. There is likewise in these lands a bed of shell marle easily wrought.

The lands of Craignathro' lie in the vicinity of Forfar, and consist of about 300 acres of good arable land, and they are inclosed and subdivided by good stone dykes.

The farm houses of Craignathro' are lately built and slated. On these lands there is an excellent free-stone quarry, and a quarry of most valuable slate.

The lands of Craignathro' will be sold by themselves in one lot; and if the lands of Ballinshoe, &c. are not sold in one lot, they will be exposed in the two following lots, viz.

LOT I. Comprehending those parts of the lands of Ballinshoe, lying to the eastward of the public road leading from Forfar to Kirriemuir.

LOT II. Comprehending the remaining parts of the lands of Ballinshoe, and lying to the westward of said road.

The present rent of Ballinshoe and Craignathro' exclusive of the moss, marle, planting, and quarries, exceeds 1250 Sterling. There are also a considerable number of kaines of different kinds.

The public burdens are very moderate, being only 15 bolls, 9 pecks, 3 lippies meal, 7 bolls of bear, and 14l. 17s. 6d. 10 12ths Sterling.

The whole of these lands are out of lease or nearly so, and very great rises of rent may be depended upon.

The lands of Ballinshoe hold feu of the Earl of Strathmore for payment of 7l. 3s. 9d. 9-12ths Sterling, which is included in the amount of the public burdens above mentioned.

The lands of Craignathro' hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess books at 233l. 6s. 8d. Scots.

The teinds of the lands of Ballinshoe, &c. in the parish of Kirriemuir were valued in the 1634, and they are nearly exhausted by the late augmentation given to the minister of the parish.

It will be observed that the superiority of the lands of Ballinshoe, Woodhead, and Bariesdalefaulds, retoured to a fifty shilling land of old extent, is presently for sale, which may be an object to persons intending to purchase the lands of Ballinshoe. &c.

Those desirous of further information, or of purchasing the whole of the above lands, or any of the lots, may apply to Charles Greenhill, Esq. of Fearn, Old Montrose, by Montrose, or to Thomas Duncan, writer in Edinburgh, who have powers to conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

ARGYLLSHIRE.

THE ESTATE of GLENFEOCHAN, will be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 13th day of November 1799, betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon.

This Estate is worthy the attention of a Gentleman wishing to procure a pleasant and comfortable residence in the Highlands of Scotland, as few, if any, are to be met with, possessed of equal advantages both natural and acquired. It is pleasantly situated on Lochfeochan, an arm of the sea, near to the port of Oban, in the beautiful country of Lorne. The soil is excellent, and the Farms in general extensive.

The Mansion-house is neat, and fit for the accommodation of a genteel family.

The Court of Offices is newly built, and in very complete order. There is an excellent Garden and Orchard, stocked with choice fruit trees, and the garden wall, gardener's house, &c. in good order.

The Woods and Plantations are very extensive, containing a variety of trees, and are valued by a Wood Valuator at the sum of 2,280l. 9s. 3d. Sterling.

The Water of Feochan affords abundance of trout, and there is a Salmon Fishing, and the greatest variety of sea fish.—The Muirs are the best in the country for Game.

The free rent of this Estate is about 450l. Sterling; the particulars of which, with a plan, measurement, and schedule rent of the lands, and valuation of the woods, with the title deeds and leases can be seen by applying to Mr Keith, accountant, or Mr Ferrier, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, either of whom will give every other information desired, and will receive private offers betwixt and the day of sale.

SALE OF LANDS AND VILLAS,

Near the town of Kilbarchan,

AND OF

DWELLING HOUSES, FACTORY, AND BLEACHFIELD,

In and contiguous thereto.

ALL and WHOLE, the PARKS of AUCHINAMES, in the parish of Kilbarchan and shire of Renfrew, consisting of about 100 acres of excellent arable land, properly inclosed and subdivided, except — acres under planting, beautifully laid out, about 30 years old, and in the most thriving condition. On these Lands there is a large modern good House and complete set of Office-houses, and an excellent Garden stored with fruit trees of all kinds. These Lands will be sold either together or in lots, as purchasers may incline; and, if in lots, two of them will be about 30 acres each, and the other about 40 acres. The easy access and situation render the whole most inviting situations for villas.

ALSO—All and Whole the LANDS of FOREHOUSE and INCLOSURES adjoining, on which there is also an excellent modern House, complete set of Office-houses and Garden; and the FARMS of LAW and LAWMARNOCK, and HAIRLAWS, of great extent, and properly inclosed and subdivided, all lying in the parish of Kilbarchan and shire of Renfrew; and, also, SEVEN TENEMENTS of DWELLING HOUSES, and an EXCELLENT BLEACHFIELD, and HOUSES in and adjoining to the town of Kilbarchan, as will all be more particularly mentioned in future advertisements, when the day of sale shall be fixed.

Any person wishing information as to this most desirable property, may apply to Humphry Barbour, and Wm. Barbour, at Kilbarchan, Robert Barclay, merchant in Paisley, Matthew Taylor, writer in Glasgow, or William Campbell, writer in Kilbarchan.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 3d day of December 1799, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands and Estate of SMIDDYGREEN, lying in the parish of St Andrew's and shire of Fife. The lands, which consist of about 190 acres, are well known to be of a very rich quality, and are all nearly inclosed with stone dykes, hedges, and ditches. On the property there is between 30 and 40 acres of fine thriving young plantations of different kinds of wood, and also two pigeon-houses. The post road leading from St Andrew's to Crail runs through the estate, which is distant from St Andrew's four miles, and from Crail five miles, and is in the close neighbourhood of the thriving and populous villages of Kingibarns and Boarhills. The post goes every day from St Andrew's to Crail, and returns in the evening.

A complete new mansion-house and offices have been built within these four years, on a neat and genteel stile, and the house lately painted.—It consists of dining-room, drawing-room, parlour, seven bed-rooms, kitchen, laundry, scullery, with various other conveniencies; there is abundance of excellent water in the back area conducted in leaden pipes. The house is beautifully situated on the banks of the river Kenley, commands extensive prospects of the country, the coast of Angus, and of the German Ocean, and the garden and orchard are well stocked with the best kinds of fruit trees.

The lands and mills are all set to tenants upon leases, excepting about 30 acres in the hands of the proprietor. Upon the expiry of the leases, a very considerable encrease of rent may be expected; the flour and barley mills are almost new, and the machinery of the very best construction; the command of water is very great; scarcely an instance has occurred of these mills being stopped either in winter or summer for the want of it; the situation is peculiarly well adapted for the erection of mills for the manufacturing of cotton yarn, &c. both on account of the fall of water, and being in the neighbourhood of the villages of Kingibarns and Boarhills.

All the lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification in the county. The mansion-house, offices, and the lands in the hands of the proprietor, may be entered to immediately and if a purchaser inclines he may have the household furniture, which is new, at a valuation.

For further particulars apply to Mr William Keith, accountant in Edinburgh, or to Harry Davidson, W. S. South Hanover Street, or to John Campbell, junior, W. S. North Frederick Street.